

Trenton Kids Count 2023 A City Profile of Child Well-Being



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Trenton Kids Count 2023 A City Profile of Child Well-Being

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ACNJ acknowledges that the findings and conclusions presented in this report are those of the author(s) alone, and do not necessarily reflect the opinions of the funders. For more information or to view other Kids Count data online, visit www.acnj.org



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Advocates for Children of New Jersey is the trusted, independent voice putting children's needs first for more than 40 years. Our work results in better laws and policies, more effective funding and stronger services for children and families. And it means that more children are given the chance to grow up safe, healthy and educated.

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Introduction

How to use the Trenton Data Book

Advocates for Children of New Jersey (ACNJ) is proud to be publishing our third Trenton Kids Count Data Book in over 20 years, a one-stop source for child well-being data on the state's capital city. Trenton Kids Count includes the latest statistics, along with data trends, in the following areas: demographics, family economic security, child health, child protection, child care, education, and teens.

Trenton Kids Count 2023 looks a bit different compared to previous data books. In particular, due to data quality concerns, the U.S. Census Bureau did not release American Community Survey (ACS) 2020 one-year estimates. For this reason, tables using ACS one-year estimates do jump from 2019 to 2021.

Policymakers, including elected officials and government agencies, use the data to make informed decisions.

Service providers use the data to improve their response to emerging child-related issues in their communities and cities.

Grant writers use the data to write proposals and solicit support for programs that help children and families.

Concerned residents become better, more informed advocates using the data to identify and address problems facing children and families in their community.

A few things to remember:

Moments and Trends. ACNJ collects and displays data for multiple years, including the most recent year available. The most recent moment may tell us one fact



(such as the number of births in a given year), while the trend line tells us something else (births to teens declined over the last five years).

- **Geographic Comparisons.** ACNJ compares Trenton data to Mercer County and New Jersey statewide data where available. These comparisons help tell whether trends are occurring equally in all places (such as the unemployment rate, p. <u>15</u>) or whether trends are changing faster in one place (such as the number of births to foreign-born women, p. <u>8</u>).
- Calculations and Data Sources. When using this book, please take into account that some percentages and numbers are based on estimates. Smaller geographies, like cities, counties, or school districts, sometimes result in suppressed data or significant margins of error. Additionally, certain indicators represent different points in time such as school years, fiscal years, or calendar years. Please review the data sources listed at the end of each section for further information on individual indicators.

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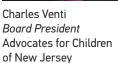
Letters from...

A Letter from Advocates for Children of New Jersey





Mary Coogan President & CEO Advocates for Children of New Jersey



The goal of Trenton Kids Count is to provide a statistical and meaningful profile of the children and youth living in Trenton, New Jersey. Building on the data in *Trenton Kids Count 2019*, we start to see trends across a wide range of indicators in certain areas of well-being. More importantly, this report shows the beginning impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and shutdown and how it affected our children and families.

While data do not tell the whole story, they offer a good starting point. To help develop a better picture on the state of children in Trenton, this report also includes information about programs helping the city's families and youth, working to move the community in a positive direction.

The *Trenton Kids Count 2023* report was made possible due to the generous support of The Burke Foundation, the Princeton Area

Community Foundation, and The Smith Family Foundation, as well as the contributions of members of the Trenton Kids Count Committee. These dedicated individuals provided the stories behind the numbers to make the data report even more valuable to policymakers, community leaders, and advocates.

ACNJ is looking forward to the upcoming community conversations with Trenton residents, diving deeper into the data and discussing ways we can all work together to continue to improve outcomes for the children and youth living in Trenton. We encourage Trenton residents and service providers to attend as many of the conversations as they can to share their thoughts and ideas. Please visit the ACNJ website at www.acnj.org for details regarding dates and locations of these meetings.

A Letter from the Mayor of Trenton



Reed Gusciora Mayor, City of Trenton

We all know the undeniable truth, that it takes a village to raise a child. This African proverb has been echoed time and again, but is embodied in the spirit that is the City of Trenton. Through the information available in the *Trenton Kids Count 2023*, we are able to work together, driving the services and initiatives needed to help our children on a pathway to success. That is why it gives me great pleasure to be part of this release.

As Mayor of the City of Trenton, I am in the unique position to address a number of issues across the city — and we have been making progress. But in order to make informed policy decisions for the betterment of the well-being of children, we need reliable data, and this report covers much of the valuable information needed to help us progress. With this report, we can highlight what is working for our young residents and examine where we can make improvements.

During my first term as Mayor, I prioritized the improvement of the City's resources for our youth and the opportunities we provide. I oversaw the significant improvement of Trenton's

parks, basketball courts, and pools. The city hired 250 individuals for seasonal summer work in 2022, some of who worked directly in my office. Additionally, Trenton Fire and Police Departments offered the Junior Public Safety Academy and the Trenton Police Summer Camp. Multiple community policing groups began Safe Passage programs, developing relationships and mediating conflicts between students walking to and from school. Moving into my second term, I cannot wait for the relaunch of the Trenton RISE afterschool program and to see what we can continue to do together for our city's youth for the next four years.

It is my hope that with the release of this report, readers will feel empowered to use the data to make a difference and move the needle forward for Trenton's children. I ask our residents to roll up their sleeves and join me as we work together to make sure Trenton's kids count!

A Letter from the Princeton Area Community Foundation





Jeffrey M. Vega President & CEO Princeton Area Community Foundation For more than 30 years, the Princeton Area Community Foundation has harnessed the power of philanthropy to make a difference in our region.

Since 1991, we have been collaborating with philanthropists, foundation partners, nonprofits, and community leaders to address our region's most critical needs.

Our discretionary grants support nonprofits in the Greater Mercer County region, including the City of Trenton. These discretionary grants represent a series of funds that include support for <u>women and girls</u>, <u>the arts</u>, education, workforce development, and <u>nonprofit</u> <u>capacity-building needs</u>.

All Kids Thrive, a strategic initiative of the Community Foundation, aims to reduce rates of chronic absenteeism in local schools. We also provide Community Impact Grants to nonprofit organizations working to address the needs of under-resourced and vulnerable individuals, families, and communities.

We are a local philanthropic expert, and we use our grantmaking as a <u>powerful tool for change</u>, supporting nonprofits as they respond to the needs of our residents.

In 2021, the Community Foundation awarded a total of more than \$19 million in grants to nonprofits, the bulk of which provided funding to organizations in the state: a total of more than \$14 million was awarded to organizations in New Jersey and some \$7 million of that funding supported nonprofits in Mercer County.

We know there are many terrific organizations in the City of Trenton working to improve the lives of its residents. That's why we are working with our funding partners to support the Trenton Kids Count report. We believe that thriving philanthropy leads to thriving communities, and we believe the data gleaned from this report can help inform our collective work, as we strive to ensure that all our communities thrive. For more information about our grants and programs, please visit our website at <u>pacf.org</u>.

A Letter from the Smith Family Foundation





Katherine Nunnally, MPA *Executive Director, CEO*, Smith Family Foundation

The transformative work that the Smith Family Foundation (SFFNJ) is implementing throughout Trenton is called "The Purple Ribbon". SFFNJ is providing leadership as well as organizational development and funding to increase the impact of the nonprofit and religious sectors across the city. We are creating an environment where we work strategically and cooperatively with the community to promote Trenton as a healthy thriving urban hub!

Data is a driving force for the work that we do! The release of the *Trenton Kids Count 2023* data book helps us all to take a comprehensive look at Trenton's children and identify trends to help move Trenton forward! It serves as a reminder of the strides we have made since the 2019 release and the hope we have in the future as we continue to work with other community stakeholders to improve our city.

With the release of this data, we have an extraordinary opportunity to identify real solutions to the most challenging areas affecting our children, while highlighting some of the amazing stories of resilience found all over our city — stories about people and organizations pulling

together during the COVID-19 pandemic, allowing our community the opportunity to not only survive, but to thrive during uncertain times.

We would like to thank Advocates for Children of New Jersey for producing this report and the Trenton Kids Count Committee for their thoughtful input and planning. We would also like to thank the Burke Foundation and the Princeton Area Community Foundation for their partnership to bring this publication to fruition.

It is our hope that this information will empower our capital city to not only be informed but to use this powerful data to advocate for community-driven programs and policies that expand the systems of support for Trenton's children and families.

Together, we are working to create a better state for Trenton's children, because opportunity should be equal across zip codes.

A Letter from The Burke Foundation





Atiya Weiss *Executive Director* The Burke Foundation Much has changed since the *Trenton Kids Count 2019* report. One constant, though, is Trenton's resilience. *Trenton Kids Count 2023* shares stories of organizations that support children and highlights data that show progress regarding the well-being of the children of the state's capital city.

The Burke Foundation is proud to work with our partners on systems-level solutions that begin in the *First 1,000 Days* of life. We believe in the power of data and strategies to improve early childhood development and the health of babies, families, and communities. The data in this report will help the advocates working on behalf of the community to bring programs and policies that meet the needs of Trenton's children and families.

We are grateful to Advocates for Children of New Jersey for producing the Kids Count report and taking up the cause of children across the state. We thank the Trenton Kids Count Committee, the Smith Family Foundation, and the Princeton Area Community Foundation for offering input.

Our work is inspired by:

- The nurse home visitor who helps identify a postpartum infection and facilitates intervention to save a mother's life.
- The community doula who holds a mother's hand in labor and guides her through a complex medical care system.
- The child development specialist who helps a family find transportation to doctor's visits and makes sure they have food.

These, and so many more, are our heroes.

Partnerships and collaboration among community members, local leaders, policymakers, and local organizations are vital to help the people of Trenton live their best lives. Working together, we can build a future for Trenton kids and their families where no one's prospects are limited by race, income, or zip code — a future where children and families have the opportunity to thrive.

1 Demographics

Demographic Trends

Since 2016, the population of Trenton children under 18 has been relatively consistent, increasing slightly by 2% in 2021. More than a quarter of the city's children were under the age of 5, according to 5-year estimates from the 2020 American Community Survey. The number of births to foreign-born women saw a slight jump between 2016 and 2020, increasing by 14%. Recent data also show the city's rich diversity — in 2020, births to foreign-born women comprised 53% of the city's total births and about 38% of Trenton's population ages 5 and older spoke a language other than English in their own home.

Total Population*

| | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | % Change 16-21 |
|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------------|
| Trenton | 84,065 | 84,971 | 83,973 | 83,211 | 90,458 | 8 |
| Mercer | 371,023 | 374,733 | 369,811 | 367,430 | 385,898 | 4 |
| New Jersey | 8,944,469 | 9,005,644 | 8,908,520 | 8,882,190 | 9,267,130 | 4 |
| Trenton's % of Mercer | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | |
| Trenton's % of NJ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |

*The U.S. Census Bureau did not release one-year estimates for the 2020 American Community Survey due to data quality concerns.

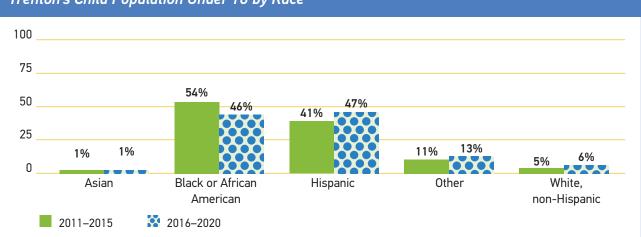
Child Population Under Age 18*

| | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2021 | % Change 16-21 |
|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------------|
| Trenton | 21,809 | 22,383 | 20,411 | 22,784 | 22,323 | 2 |
| Mercer | 79,617 | 79,885 | 78,695 | 78,062 | 81,925 | 3 |
| New Jersey | 1,984,439 | 1,978,796 | 1,951,005 | 1,938,024 | 2,020,876 | 2 |
| Trenton's % of Mercer | 27 | 28 | 26 | 29 | 27 | |
| Trenton's % of NJ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |

*The U.S. Census Bureau did not release one-year estimates for the 2020 American Community Survey due to data quality concerns.



Trenton's Child Population Under 18 by Race



Note: Total percentages for each year may exceed 100% as Hispanics can be of any race.

Foreign-Born Children

| | 2011· | -2015 | 2016 | % Change | |
|------------|---------|-------|---------|----------|--------|
| | Number | % | Number | % | Number |
| Trenton | 1,783 | 8 | 1,554 | 7 | -13 |
| Mercer | 5,313 | 7 | 5,997 | 8 | 13 |
| New Jersey | 108,158 | 5 | 113,034 | 6 | 5 |

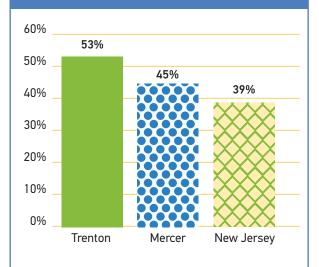
Total Births

| | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | % Change |
|------------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|----------|
| Trenton | 1,494 | 1,405 | 1,450 | 1,443 | 1,446 | -3 |
| Mercer | 4,192 | 4,021 | 3,935 | 4,056 | 3,893 | -7 |
| New Jersey | 102,473 | 101,159 | 101,172 | 99,305 | 97,146 | -5 |

Demographics

Percentage of All Trenton Births by Race, 2020 70% 60% 58% 50% 40% 34% 30% 20% 10% 4% 2% 1% 1% 0% White, Black, Hispanic Asian, Two or More Unknown non-Hispanic non-Hispanic (of any race) non-Hispanic Races, non-Hispanic

Percentage of Total Births to Foreign-Born Women, 2020



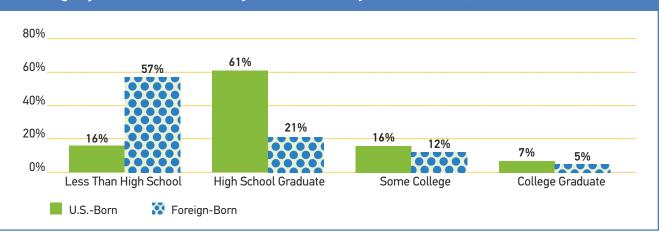
Births to Foreign-Born Women

| | Number | 2016 % | Number | 2017 % | Number | 2018 % | Number | 2019 % | Number | 2020 % | % Change 16-20 Number |
|------------|--------|------------------|--------|------------------|--------|------------------|--------|------------------|--------|------------------|--------------------------|
| Trenton | 671 | 45 | 619 | 44 | 692 | 48 | 712 | 49 | 765 | 53 | 14 |
| Mercer | 1,800 | 43 | 1,689 | 42 | 1,739 | 44 | 1,822 | 45 | 1,760 | 45 | -2 |
| New Jersey | 41,443 | 40 | 41,150 | 41 | 40,744 | 40 | 39,691 | 40 | 37,530 | 39 | -9 |

1



Percentage of Total Trenton Births by Mother's Nativity and Education, 2020



Number of Births by Marital Status

| | Married | Not Married | 2016 Unknown | Married | Not Married | 2017 Unknown | Married | Not Married | 2018 Unknown | Married | Not Married | 2019 Unknown | Married | Not Married | 2020 Unknown | Married | Not | ge 16-20 Unknown |
|------------|---------|----------------|-----------------|---------|----------------|-----------------|---------|----------------|-----------------|---------|----------------|-----------------|---------|----------------|-----------------|---------|-----|----------------------------|
| Trenton | 382 | 1,095 | 17 | 374 | 1,014 | 17 | 384 | 1,052 | 14 | 350 | 1,077 | 16 | 382 | 1,052 | 12 | 0 | -4 | -29 |
| Mercer | 2,392 | 1,715 | 85 | 2,347 | 1,608 | 66 | 2,255 | 1,617 | 63 | 2,256 | 1,730 | 70 | 2,202 | 1,652 | 39 | -8 | -4 | -54 |
| New Jersey | 64,979 | 32,617 | 4,877 | 64,712 | 31,511 | 4,936 | 64,651 | 31,307 | 5,214 | 63,460 | 30,594 | 5,251 | 62,186 | 30,383 | 4,577 | -4 | -7 | -6 |

What is a Household?

Household is a specific term used by the U.S. Census Bureau in its surveys. The census definition, however, may conflict with the traditional idea of what a household might be. When looking at census data, a household is one person or multiple people occupying a single housing unit.¹ For example, two unrelated roommates, a multigenerational family, and a single individual are all considered households under the census definition.

Languages Spoken in the Home, Trenton

| | 2011-2015 | 2016-2020 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Percentage of population age 5 $\&$ over who only speak English in the home | 61.9 | 61.6 |
| Percentage of population age 5 & over who speak a language other than English in the home | 38.1 | 38.4 |
| Percentage of those ages 5-17 who speak a language other than English by language spoken | | |
| Spanish | 6.7 | 8.3 |
| Other Indo-European languages | 0.7 | 0.1 |
| Asian & Pacific Islander languages | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Other languages | 0 | 0.4 |

Households Headed by One Parent*

| | Number | 2016 % | Number | 2017 % | Number | 2018 % | Number | 2019 % | Number | 2021 % | % Change 16-21 Number |
|------------|---------|------------------|---------|------------------|---------|------------------|---------|------------------|---------|------------------|--------------------------|
| Trenton | 5,757 | 61 | 6,372 | 66 | 5,781 | 57 | 5,044 | 60 | 5,583 | 59 | -3 |
| Mercer | 15,364 | 37 | 15,134 | 36 | 13,572 | 31 | 11,769 | 30 | 11,871 | 29 | -23 |
| New Jersey | 322,303 | 31 | 318,643 | 30 | 303,097 | 30 | 305,494 | 30 | 323,543 | 30 | 0 |

*The U.S. Census Bureau did not release one-year estimates for the 2020 American Community Survey due to data quality concerns.

Multigenerational Households

Many children in New Jersey live with a grandparent. We report two different census measures of these trends. The first tracks grandparents who cared for their grandchildren at any point during the year. The second refers to children who live in the same home as the grandparent. Since 2015, Trenton has seen a 3% decrease in the number of grandchildren living with a grandparent. Sometimes, that grandparent is the child's legal guardian, and in other cases, the child simply shares a home with that grandparent.

Number of Grandparents Caring for Their Grandchildren

| | 2011-2015 | 2016-2020 | % Change |
|------------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| Trenton | 881 | 512 | -42 |
| Mercer | 1,866 | 1,571 | -16 |
| New Jersey | 49,177 | 43,107 | -12 |

Grandchildren Under 18 Living with a Grandparent Householder

| | 2011-2015 | 2016-2020 | % Change |
|------------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| Trenton | 2,358 | 2,278 | -3 |
| Mercer | 5,434 | 6,049 | 11 |
| New Jersey | 119,742 | 128,949 | 8 |

References:

¹ McFalls, J.A. (2003). What's a Household? What's a Family? Population Reference Bureau. Accessed January 12, 2023 from <u>https://www.prb.org/resources/whats-a-household-whats</u> <u>-a-family/</u>.

Data Sources and Technical Notes:

Total Population, 2016-2021. As reported by the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey chart B01001 using 1-year estimates.

Child Population Under Age 18, 2016-2021. As reported by the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey chart B01001 using 5-year estimates.

Trenton's Child Population Under 18 by Race, 2011-2015 and 2016-2020. As reported by the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey charts B01001D, B01001B, B01001F, B01001H and B01001I using 5-year estimates. Black or African American and Other categories may include individuals who identified as Hispanic. Foreign-Born Children, 2011-2015 and 2016-2020. As reported by the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey chart B05003 using 5-year estimates.

Total Births, 2016-2020. The total number of live births, as reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Data, New Jersey Birth Certificate Database. Data accessed as of July 7, 2022.

Percentage of All Trenton Births by Race, 2020. As reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Data, New Jersey Birth Certificate Database. Data accessed as of July 7, 2022.

Births to Foreign-Born Women, 2016-2020. As reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Data, New Jersey Birth Certificate Database. Data accessed as of July 7, 2022.

Percentage of Total Births to Foreign-Born Women, 2020. As reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Data, New Jersey Birth Certificate Database. Data accessed as of July 7, 2022.

Percentage of Total Trenton Births by Mother's Nativity and Education, 2020. As reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Data, New Jersey Birth Certificate Database. Data accessed as of July 7, 2022. Number of Births by Marital Status, 2016-2020. As reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Data, New Jersey Birth Certificate Database. Data accessed as of July 7, 2022.

Languages Spoken in the Home, Trenton, 2011-2015 and 2016-2020. As reported by the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey chart S1601 using 5-year estimates. Data are for languages spoken in the home for population 5 years and above. Languages are specified for ages 5 to 17.

Households Headed by One Parent, 2016-2021. As reported by the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey chart B11005. Includes family and non-family households. Data are for households with children under age 18 using 5-year estimates.

Number of Grandparents Caring for Their Grandchildren, 2011-2015 and 2016-2020. As reported by the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey chart B10050 using 5-year estimates.

Grandchildren Under 18 Living with a Grandparent Householder. As reported by the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey chart B10001 using 5-year estimates.

2 Family Economic Security

How is Poverty Defined?

Since the late 1950s, the federal government has used the poverty threshold to determine the number of individuals living in poverty within the United States. The measure is based on the cost of a basic food diet and adjusted for inflation and family size. The same poverty threshold is used for the entire nation and does not account for the higher cost of living in certain states like New Jersey, where 200% of the poverty threshold, or an annual income of roughly \$55,000 for a family of four, is more reflective of the families struggling to make ends meet. While the poverty threshold is produced by the U.S. Census Bureau, federal poverty guidelines — used to determine eligibility for certain federal programs — are released by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services and are based on the U.S. Census Bureau's thresholds.



Total Population Living Below the Federal Poverty Level*

| | Number | 2016 % | Number | 2017 % | Number | 2018 % | Number | 2019 % | Number | 2021 % | % Change 16-21 Number |
|------------|---------|------------------|---------|------------------|---------|------------------|---------|------------------|---------|------------------|--------------------------|
| Trenton | 22,675 | 28 | 25,236 | 30 | 23,955 | 29 | 24,918 | 31 | 21,221 | 24 | -6 |
| Mercer | 39,443 | 11 | 42,246 | 12 | 39,873 | 11 | 44,624 | 13 | 37,424 | 10 | -5 |
| New Jersey | 915,913 | 10 | 882,673 | 10 | 832,133 | 10 | 798,262 | 9 | 930,602 | 10 | 2 |

*The U.S. Census Bureau did not release one-year estimates for the 2020 American Community Survey due to data quality concerns.

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Number of Economically Disadvantaged Children, Under Age 18

| Trenton | 2011-2015 | 2016-2020 | % Change |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| Extreme Poverty (Below 50% of FPL) | 4,620 | 3,508 | -24 |
| Poverty (Below 100% of FPL) | 8,622 | 8,076 | -6 |
| Low-Income (Below 200% of FPL) | 14,757 | 14,762 | 0 |
| Mercer | | | |
| Extreme Poverty (Below 50% of FPL) | 6,347 | 5,539 | -13 |
| Poverty (Below 100% of FPL) | 13,159 | 11,908 | -10 |
| Low-Income (Below 200% of FPL) | 25,761 | 24,871 | -3 |
| New Jersey | | | |
| Extreme Poverty (Below 50% of FPL) | 144,236 | 110,113 | -24 |
| Poverty (Below 100% of FPL) | 310,861 | 257,552 | -17 |
| Low-Income (Below 200% of FPL) | 633,639 | 564,337 | -11 |
| | | | |

FPL = Federal Poverty Level

Percentage of Economically Disadvantaged Children, Under Age 18

| Trenton | 2011-2015 | 2016-2020 |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Extreme Poverty (Below 50% of FPL) | 22 | 16 |
| Poverty (Below 100% of FPL) | 41 | 37 |
| Low-Income (Below 200% of FPL) | 71 | 67 |
| Mercer | | |
| Extreme Poverty (Below 50% of FPL) | 8 | 7 |
| Poverty (Below 100% of FPL) | 16 | 15 |
| Low-Income (Below 200% of FPL) | 32 | 32 |
| New Jersey | | |
| Extreme Poverty (Below 50% of FPL) | 7 | 6 |
| Poverty (Below 100% of FPL) | 16 | 13 |
| Low-Income (Below 200% of FPL) | 32 | 29 |

Families with Children Living Below the Federal Poverty Level

| | 2011-2015 | | 2016- | 2020 | % Change | |
|------------|-----------|----|---------|------|----------|--|
| | Number | % | Number | % | Number | |
| Trenton | 3,534 | 34 | 3,092 | 47 | -13 | |
| Mercer | 5,562 | 13 | 4,887 | 14 | -12 | |
| New Jersey | 136,591 | 13 | 112,414 | 11 | -18 | |

Median Income of Families with Children

| | 2011-2015 | 2016-2020 | % Change | |
|------------|-----------|-----------|----------|--|
| Trenton | \$32,713 | \$34,754 | 6 | |
| Mercer | \$95,233 | \$108,877 | 14 | |
| New Jersey | \$88,823 | \$106,937 | 20 | |

Median Income of Families with Children \$120,000 \$108,877 \$106,937 \$100,000 \$95,233 \$88,823 \$80,000 _____ \$60,000 \$40,000 \$32,713 \$34,754 \$20,000 ____ \$0 Trenton Mercer New Jersey 2016-2020 2011-2015

2020 Federal Poverty Thresholds for a Family of Four:

| 50% | \$13,123 |
|------|----------|
| 100% | \$26,246 |
| 200% | \$52,492 |
| | |

2021 Federal Poverty Thresholds for a Family of Four:

| 50% | \$13,740 |
|------|----------|
| 100% | \$27,479 |
| 200% | \$54,958 |
| | |

Unemployment Rate

| | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | % Change 17-21 |
|------------|------|------|------|------|------|----------------|
| Trenton | 6.7 | 5.9 | 5.2 | 10.6 | 8.1 | 21 |
| Mercer | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 7.2 | 5.2 | 30 |
| New Jersey | 4.5 | 4.0 | 3.4 | 9.5 | 6.3 | 40 |

Number Unemployed

| | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | % Change 17-21 |
|------------|-----|---------|--------|---------|---------|---------|----------------|
| Trenton | 2 | 2,680 | 2,398 | 2,135 | 4,408 | 3,372 | 26 |
| Mercer | 8 | 3,155 | 7,192 | 6,355 | 15,284 | 10,997 | 35 |
| New Jersey | 208 | 3,802 1 | 83,156 | 158,533 | 439,667 | 295,690 | 42 |

Unemployment Rate



The New Jersey Earned Income Tax Credit

Tax credits are a vital economic support for many low-income working families and an advantage to New Jersey businesses, as many of these dollars are spent in the communities where these families live. The New Jersey State Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC) rewards work and increases take-home pay for families by lowering the amount of taxes owed and, in some instances, providing a refund. New Jersey's EITC increased from 20% of the Federal EITC in 2014 to 30% in 2015 and 35% in 2016, giving the state's working poor a financial boost. In 2020, the average credit amount received among Trenton families with at least one dependent under age 19 was \$1,211.

2017 2015 2016 2018 2019 % Change 15-19 Number Number Ava. Number Avg. Ava. Number Ava. Number Ava. Number Ava. of Claim of Claim of Claim of Claim of Claim of Claim Claims Amt. Claims Amt. Claims Amt. Claims Amt. Claims Amt. Claims Amt. Trenton 17,960 \$2,492 17,590 \$2,485 17,750 \$2,514 17,610 \$2,561 17,730 \$2,571 -1 3 Mercer 25,660 \$2,295 25,310 \$2,297 25,460 \$2,316 25,120 \$2,354 25,230 \$2,378 -2 4 630,960 \$2,303 618,500 613,480 \$2,313 599,490 \$2,338 602,850 \$2,320 -4 1 New Jersey \$2,296

Federal Earned Income Tax Credits (EITC)

NJ Earned Income Tax Credits, All Recipients

| | | | 2016 | | | 2017 | | | 2018 | | | 2019 | | | 2020 | | % Change | 16-20 |
|------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|-------|------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|
| | # Credits Issued | Total Amt. of Credits Issued | Avg. Credit Amt. | # Credits Issued | Total Amt. of Credits Issued | Avg. Credit Amt. | # Credits Issued | Total Amt. of Credits Issued | | # Credits Issued | Total Amt. of Credits Issued | Avg. Credit Amt. | # Credits Issued | Total Amt. of Credits Issued | Credit | # Credits Issued | Total Amt. of Credits Issued | Credit |
| Trenton | 12,600 | \$10,740,551 | \$852 | 12,389 | \$10,714,713 | \$865 | 12,537 | \$11,640,502 | \$928 | 12,816 | \$12,591,876 | \$983 | 12,700 | \$11,495,759 | \$905 | 1 | 7 | 6 |
| Mercer | 22,137 | \$16,957,016 | \$766 | 22,351 | \$17,289,244 | \$774 | 23,268 | \$19,184,050 | \$824 | 23,343 | \$20,396,498 | \$874 | 24,004 | \$18,790,107 | \$783 | 8 | 11 | 2 |
| New Jersey | 533,493 | \$404,766,950 | \$759 | 527,918 | \$401,994,016 | \$761 | 535,604 | \$437,879,738 | \$818 | 533,696 | \$458,061,028 | \$858 | 552,559 | \$420,844,796 | \$762 | 4 | 4 | 0 |

NJ Earned Income Tax Credits, Recipients with at Least One Dependent Under Age 19

| | # Credits Issued | Total Amt. Avg. of Credits Credit Issued Amt. | # Credits Issued | Total Amt. of Credits Issued | 2017 Avg. Credit Amt. | # Credits Issued | 2018Total Amt.Avg.of CreditsCreditIssuedAmt. | # Credits Issued | Total Amt. Avg. of Credits Credit Issued Amt. | # Credits Issued | ZO20Total Amt.Avg.of CreditsCreditIssuedAmt. | # Credits | % Change Total Amt. of Credits Issued | Avg. Credit |
|------------|------------------------|---|------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------|---|------------------------|--|--------------|--|----------------|
| Trenton | 9,221 | \$9,998,328 \$1,084 | 9,072 | \$9,963,766 | \$1,098 | 9,210 | \$10,811,240 \$1,174 | 9,228 | \$11,627,735 \$1,260 | 8,719 | \$10,555,066 \$1,211 | -5 | 6 | 12 |
| Mercer | 14,891 | \$15,437,295 \$1,037 | 14,985 | \$15,711,364 | \$1,048 | 15,324 | \$17,040,743 \$1,112 | 15,061 | \$18,027,152 \$1,197 | 14,382 | \$16,620,301 \$1,156 | -3 | 8 | 11 |
| New Jersey | 340,535 | \$361,614,068 \$1,062 | 335,848 | \$358,780,285 | \$1,068 | 345,869 | \$391,301,464 \$1,131 | 334,737 | \$407,595,791 \$1,218 | 317,886 | \$367,807,942 \$1,157 | -7 | 2 | 9 |

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Children in Families Receiving TANF (Welfare)

| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | % Change 18-22 |
|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------------|
| Trenton | 1,046 | 880 | 1,058 | 898 | 1,104 | 6 |
| Mercer | 1,366 | 1,107 | 1,344 | 1,069 | 1,297 | -5 |
| New Jersey | 23,582 | 19,113 | 22,079 | 17,301 | 19,465 | -17 |

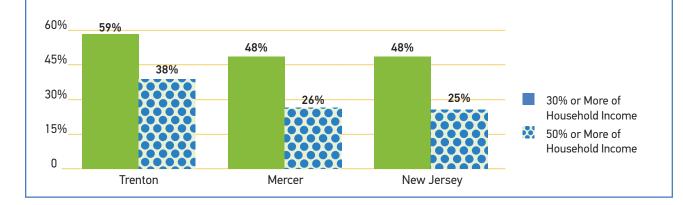
Median Rent

| | 2011-2015 | 2016-2020 | % Change | |
|------------|-----------|-----------|----------|--|
| Trenton | \$956 | \$1,085 | 13 | |
| Mercer | \$1,132 | \$1,311 | 16 | |
| New Jersey | \$1,192 | \$1,368 | 15 | |

Percentage of Mortgage Owners Spending 30% or More of Their Income on Housing Costs

| | 2011-2015 | 2016-2020 |
|------------|-----------|-----------|
| Trenton | 43 | 33 |
| Mercer | 37 | 29 |
| New Jersey | 42 | 34 |

Percentage of Households Spending Too Much on Rent, 2016-2020



What is TANF?

The Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program, more commonly referred to as welfare, provides cash assistance to needy families through a federally funded block grant given to individual states. The State of New Jersey operates the welfare reform program known as WorkFirst NJ using TANF funds. WorkFirst NJ participants are eligible for the program for a maximum of five years. For more information on WorkFirst NJ, visit <u>https://www.state.nj.us/human</u> <u>services/dfd/programs/workfirstnj/.</u>

Percentage of Occupied Housing Units that are Owner-Occupied

| | 2011-2015 | 2016-2020 |
|------------|-----------|-----------|
| Trenton | 38 | 38 |
| Mercer | 64 | 64 |
| New Jersey | 65 | 64 |

Percentage of Households Spending 30% or More of Their Income on Rent

| | 2011-2015 | 2016-2020 |
|------------|-----------|-----------|
| Trenton | 58 | 59 |
| Mercer | 50 | 48 |
| New Jersey | 51 | 48 |

 Vacancy Housing Status, 2016–2020

 Trenton
 73%

 Mercer
 67%

 New Jersey
 31%

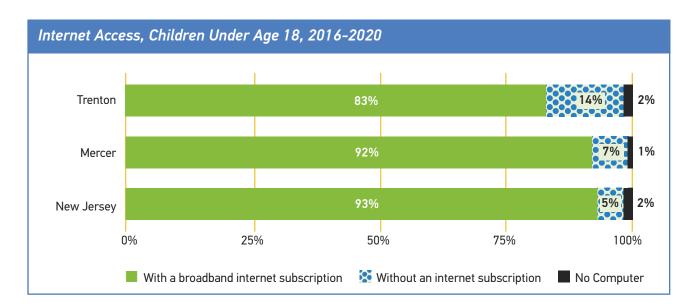
50%

What is the Vacancy Status Indicator?

0%

25%

The vacancy status indicator refers to all vacant housing units in Trenton. There are various reasons as to why a housing unit would be considered vacant as shown in the graph. According to the U.S. Census Bureau, a housing unit would be classified as "other" vacant if it does not fit into the description of any year-round vacant categories.¹There are numerous reasons as to why a housing unit would be classified as "other" vacant, such as the owner does not wish to rent or sell the home, the home was being repaired or renovated at the time of the survey, or the home was in foreclosure.



75%

Other vacant

For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use

Rented, not occupied

Sold. not occupied

For rent

100%

| | | | | | 2017 | 201 | B 20 1 | 9 | 2020 | 2021 | % Change 17-21 | | |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|--------------|------|---------|--------|---------------|------|---------|---------|----------------|--|--|
| | | Trenton | Trenton | | | 5,04 | 8 5,10 |)2 | 5,315 | 4,967 | -14 | | |
| | | Mercer | | | 7,990 | 7,45 | 3 7,42 | 71 | 7,739 | 7,397 | -7 | | |
| | | New Je | New Jersey 1 | | | 155,82 | 2 161,23 | 34 1 | 152,981 | 159,310 | -2 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reported WIC Participants | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 2017 | | 2018 | | 2019 | | 2020 | | 2021 | % Change 17-21 | | |
| | Number | % | Number | % | Number | % | Number | % | Number | % | Number | | |
| Trenton | 5,072 | 88 | 4,389 | 87 | 4,268 | 84 | 4,284 | 81 | 4,018 | 81 | -21 | | |
| Mercer | 7,100 | 89 | 6,486 | 87 | 6,259 | 84 | 6,192 | 80 | 6,039 | 82 | -15 | | |
| New Jersey | 146,416 | 90 | 139,777 | 90 | 135,452 | 84 | 127,774 | 84 | 142,414 | 89 | -3 | | |

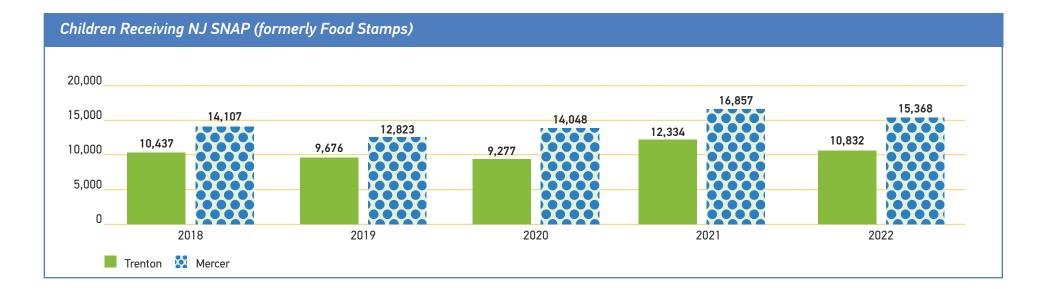
Individuals Enrolled in WIC

What are SNAP and WIC?

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is the largest food safety net program in the United States, providing low-income families with nutritious food. Eligible New Jersey applicants have an income of no more than 185% of the federal poverty guidelines or roughly \$51,338 for a family of four in 2022. The Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC) provides supplemental nutritious food to pregnant, breastfeeding, and postpartum women, infants, and children up to the age of five. WIC is available to New Jersey households with incomes up to 185% of the federal poverty guidelines. In 2021, 81% of Trenton enrollees in WIC received benefits through the program, a decline from 88% of enrollees in 2017. For more information on SNAP and WIC, visit <u>http://fns.usda.gov</u>.

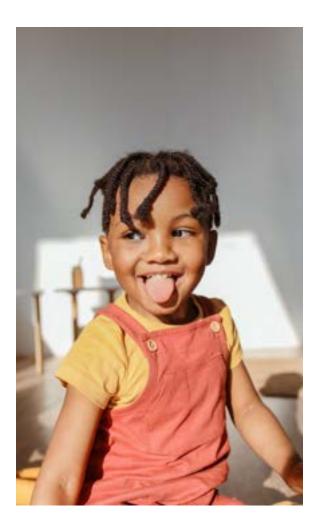
Children Receiving NJ SNAP (formerly Food Stamps)

| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | % Change 18-22 |
|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------------|
| Trenton | 10,437 | 9,676 | 9,277 | 12,334 | 10,832 | 4 |
| Mercer | 14,107 | 12,823 | 14,048 | 16,857 | 15,368 | 9 |
| New Jersey | 353,883 | 317,566 | 326,357 | 393,310 | 351,378 | -1 |



References:

¹ Melissa Kresin (2013). "Other" Vacant Housing Units. Retrieved January 10, 2023 from chrome- <u>https://www.census.gov/housing/hvs/files/qtr113/PAA-poster.pdf</u>.



Data Sources and Technical Notes:

Total Population Living Below the Poverty Level, 2016-2021. As reported by the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey chart B17001 using 1-year estimates.

Number of Economically Disadvantaged Children, Under Age 18, 2011-2015 and 2016-2020. As reported by the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey chart B17024 using 5-year estimates.

Percentage of Children Economically Disadvantaged, Under Age 18, 2011-2015 and 2016-2020. As reported by the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey chart B17024 using 5-year estimates.

2020 Federal Poverty Thresholds for a Family of Four. Threshold for a family of four, with two adults and two children living in poverty. As reported by the U.S. Census Bureau.

2021 Federal Poverty Thresholds for a Family of Four. Threshold for a family of four, with two adults and two children living in poverty. As reported by the U.S. Census Bureau.

Families with Children Living Below the Poverty Level, 2011-2015 and 2016-2020. As reported by the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey chart B17010 using 5-year estimates.

Median Income of Families with Children, 2011-2015 and 2016-2020. As reported by the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey chart B19125 using 5-year estimates.

Unemployment Rate, 2017-2021. U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Local Area Unemployment Statistics. Rates are not seasonally adjusted and are annual averages.

Number Unemployed, 2017-2021. U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Local Area Unemployment Statistics. The Bureau of Labor Statistics defines an unemployed person as someone who does not have a job, has actively looked for work in the prior 4 weeks, and is currently available for work. Numbers are not seasonally adjusted and are annual averages.

Federal Earned Income Tax Credits (EITC), 2015-2019. Number of New Jersey taxpayers claiming a federal EITC and average claim, as reported by the U.S. Internal Revenue Service.

NJ Earned Income Tax Credits, All Recipients, 2016-2020. Number of New Jersey taxpayers receiving a state EITC credit, total amount of EITC credits issued and average credit amount, as reported by the NJ Department of Treasury.

NJ Earned Income Tax Credits, Recipients with at Least One Dependent Under Age 19, 2016-2020. Number of New Jersey tax-payers with at least one dependent under age 19 receiving a state EITC credit, total amount of EITC credits issued and average credit amount, as reported by the NJ Department of Treasury. **Children in Families Receiving TANF (Welfare), 2018-2022.** As reported by the NJ Department of Human Services, Division of Family Development. Data are from June of each year.

Median Rent, 2011-2015 and 2016-2020. As reported by the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey chart B25064 using 5-year estimates.

Percentage of Mortgage Owners Spending 30% or More of Their Income on Housing Costs, 2011-2015 and 2016-2020. As reported by the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey chart DP04: Selected Housing Characteristics using 5-year estimates.

Percentage of Households Spending Too Much on Rent, 2016-2020. As reported by the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey chart B25070 using 5-year estimates.

Percentage of Occupied Housing Units That Are Owner-Occupied, 2011-2015 and 2016-2020. As reported by the U.S Census Bureau, American Community Survey chart DP04: Selected Housing Characteristics using 5-year estimates.

Percentage of Households Spending 30% or More of Their Income on Rent, 2011-2015 and 2016-2016-2020. As reported by the U.S Census Bureau, American Community Survey chart B25070 using 5year estimates.

Percentage of Households Spending Too Much on Rent, 2016-2020. As reported by the U.S Census Bureau, American Community Survey chart B25070 using 5-year estimates.

Vacant Housing Status, 2016-2020. As reported by the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey chart B25004 using 5-year estimates.

Internet Access, Children Under Age 18, 2016-2020. As reported by the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey chart B28005 using 5-year estimates.

Individuals Enrolled in WIC, 2017-2021. Number of women, infants, and children enrolled in the Women, Infants, and Children program, which includes healthcare referrals, immunizations screenings, nutrition counseling, and a monthly food stipend. As reported by the NJ Department of Health for the quarter ending June 30th of each year.

Reported WIC Participants, 2017-2021. The number and percentage of women, infants, and children receiving nutritional benefits through the Women, Infants, and Children program. As reported by the NJ Department of Health for the quarter ending June 30th of each year.

Children Receiving NJ SNAP (formerly Food Stamps), 2018-2022. As reported by the NJ Department of Human Services, Division of Family Development. Data are from June of each year.

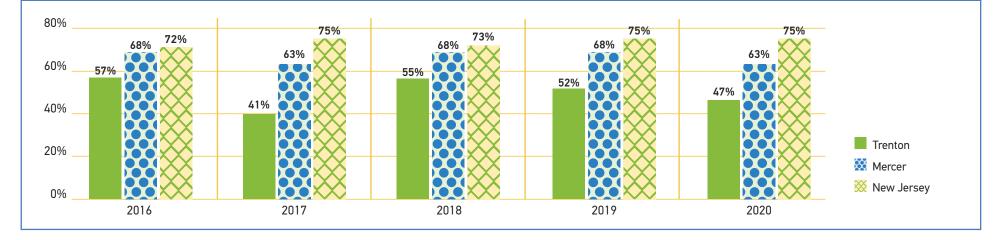
The Importance of Prenatal Care

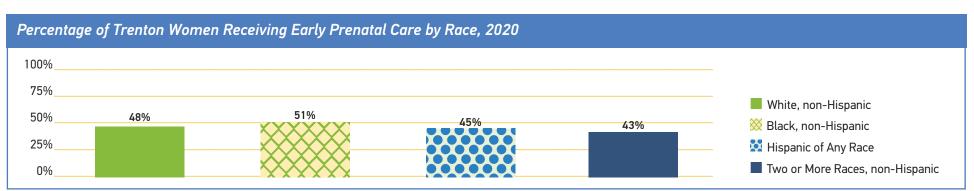
Healthy starts for Trenton infants begin with quality prenatal care early in a mother's pregnancy. Women who receive late prenatal care — or who do not receive prenatal care at all expose their babies to a greater chance of health problems later in life. In 2020, 47% of expectant Trenton moms received prenatal care beginning in their first trimester.

Women Receiving Early Prenatal Care

| | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |) % Change 16-20 |
|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|------------------|
| Trenton | 846 | 576 | 797 | 750 | 684 | -19 |
| Mercer | 2,844 | 2,534 | 2,671 | 2,664 | 2,471 | -13 |
| New Jersey | 73,862 | 75,582 | 74,082 | 74,047 | 73,312 | -1 |

Percentage of Women Receiving Early Prenatal Care



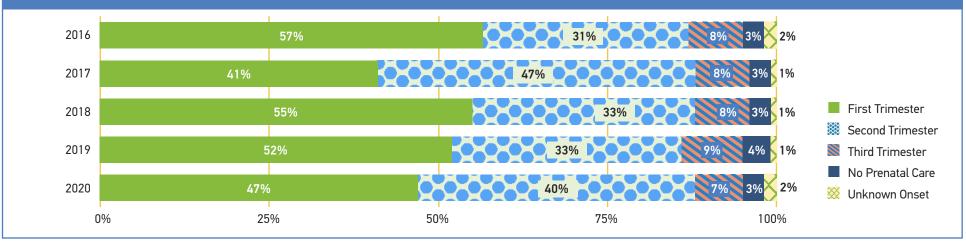


*Note: Some racial groups saw few births resulting in suppressed data and are excluded from the graph above.

Number of Trenton Births by Prenatal Care Onset

| | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | % Change 16-20 |
|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|----------------|
| First Trimester | 846 | 576 | 797 | 750 | 684 | -19 |
| Second Trimester | 462 | 656 | 474 | 482 | 585 | 27 |
| Third Trimester | 120 | 119 | 115 | 133 | 98 | -18 |
| No Prenatal Care | 40 | 46 | 49 | 57 | 43 | 8 |
| Unknown Onset | 26 | 8 | 15 | 21 | 36 | 38 |

Prenatal Care Onset Based on All Live Births in Trenton



Percentage of Births That Were Preterm

| | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | |
|------------|------|------|------|------|------|--|
| Trenton | 11.4 | 10.2 | 11.1 | 9.7 | 10.8 | |
| Mercer | 9.4 | 9.4 | 10.0 | 9.2 | 9.4 | |
| New Jersey | 9.9 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 9.3 | |

Percentage of Trenton Births That Were Preterm by Race

| | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | |
|----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|--|
| Black, Non-Hispanic | 15.3 | 11.5 | 16.9 | 10.8 | 15.9 | |
| Hispanic of any race | 7.7 | 8.1 | 8.1 | 8.4 | 7.7 | |
| White, Non-Hispanic | 12.5 | 20.5 | ** | 12.7 | 14.8 | |

Note: Some racial groups saw few births resulting in suppressed data and are excluded from the table above. **Indicates that data are suppressed.



What is a Low Birthweight?

A low birthweight baby is any infant born weighing less than 2,500 grams, or roughly 5.5 pounds. Low birthweight babies may be more likely to develop certain health problems, such as respiratory distress syndrome, than infants born with normal birthweights. Long term, low birthweight babies may be at greater risk of developing chronic conditions such as diabetes.¹ In 2020, 8.4% of Trenton babies were born with low birthweights, compared to 7.7% of babies born statewide.

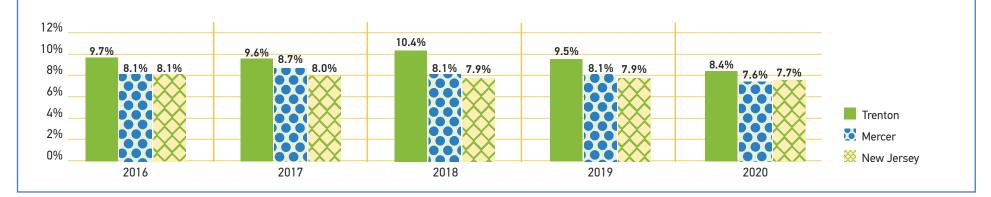
Babies Born with Low Birthweights

| | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | % Change 16-20 |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------------|
| Trenton | 145 | 135 | 151 | 137 | 122 | -16 |
| Mercer | 338 | 350 | 318 | 327 | 295 | -13 |
| New Jersey | 8,257 | 8,054 | 8,000 | 7,816 | 7,464 | -10 |

Percentage of Babies Born with Low Birthweights

| | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | |
|------------|------|------|------|------|------|--|
| Trenton | 9.7 | 9.6 | 10.4 | 9.5 | 8.4 | |
| Mercer | 8.1 | 8.7 | 8.1 | 8.1 | 7.6 | |
| New Jersey | 8.1 | 8.0 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 7.7 | |





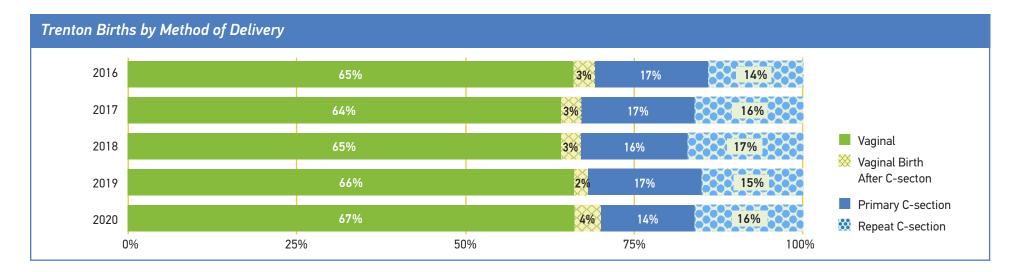
Birth by Method of Delivery

| Trenton | | | | Mercer | | | | New Jersey | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------|------|------|--------|------|-------|-------|------------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
| Vaginal | 977 | 901 | 939 | 946 | 962 | 2,701 | 2,514 | 2,512 | 2,615 | 2,524 | 63,250 | 62,673 | 63,517 | 63,157 | 62,368 |
| Vaginal Birth After C-Section | 44 | 43 | 42 | 36 | 55 | 94 | 96 | 106 | 87 | 109 | 2,056 | 2,093 | 2,294 | 2,443 | 2,483 |
| Primary C-Section | 258 | 235 | 226 | 249 | 200 | 841 | 787 | 745 | 790 | 667 | 21,940 | 20,597 | 19,456 | 18,249 | 17,651 |
| Repeat C-Section | 215 | 226 | 243 | 211 | 229 | 555 | 622 | 570 | 558 | 593 | 15,171 | 15,750 | 15,862 | 15,288 | 14,597 |
| Unknown | N/A | N/A | N/A | 1 | N/A | 1 | 2 | 2 | 6 | N/A | 56 | 46 | 43 | 168 | 47 |

Reducing Low-Risk Cesareans in New Jersey

Efforts to reduce low-risk cesareans have been underway in New Jersey for several years. A recommendation of the Nurture NJ Strategic Plan includes provisions for birthing hospitals to attain C-section rates below national rates. In order to accomplish this, the Strategic Plan emphasizes greater education efforts on the risks associated with C-sections, so that those giving birth understand the potential downsides to receiving the surgical procedure when not medically necessary. Conversely, vaginal births tend to result in shorter hospital stays and recovery time, as well as other benefits. For more information and data relating to maternal health, visit: <u>https://nj.gov/health/maternal/</u>.

Since 2016, more than 60% of babies born to Trenton mothers were delivered vaginally.



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| Births by Type of Birth Attendant | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------|------|------|------|------|--------|-------|-------|-------|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | Trenton | | | | | Mercer | | | | New Jersey | | | | | |
| | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
| Medical Doctor | 729 | 748 | 729 | 730 | 686 | 2,678 | 2,677 | 2,549 | 2,651 | 2,284 | 82,706 | 80,523 | 79,612 | 77,666 | 75,811 |
| Doctor of Osteopathy | 16 | 33 | 38 | 43 | 36 | 146 | 180 | 196 | 210 | 189 | 11,198 | 11,703 | 12,075 | 11,854 | 11,470 |
| Certified Nurse Midwife | 681 | 562 | 668 | 667 | 714 | 1,246 | 1,037 | 1,130 | 1,181 | 1,400 | 7,580 | 7,924 | 8,529 | 8,902 | 9,034 |
| Other Midwife | N/A | N/A | 1 | N/A | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | N/A | 3 | 113 | 82 | 115 | 133 | 178 |
| Other | 68 | 62 | 12 | 2 | 9 | 121 | 125 | 57 | 13 | 17 | 856 | 900 | 809 | 725 | 625 |
| Unknown | N/A | N/A | 2 | 1 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 2 | 1 | N/A | 20 | 27 | 32 | 25 | 28 |

Bir

Family Connects Mercer County: Addressing Maternal Infant Health

Family Connects Mercer County offers a free home visit to families in Mercer County who deliver a child at Capital Health Medical Center. A registered nurse visits the caregivers and baby three weeks post-delivery to support the needs of the family and, if needed, revisits up to two more times after birth.

One mom shared, "My nurse helped me sort out the Neonatal Intensive Care Unit, medical insurance, and pediatrician information. After just having given birth and having a baby in the NICU, I didn't feel strong. My nurse helped me feel much better."

In a joint statement, participating nurses shared, "What we love most about the Family Connects program is that it services all birthing people, children, and families - regardless of race, class, socioeconomic situation, or religion - and that the Family Connects nurses and staff provide compassionate care and helpful resources for families that meet their individual needs and positively changes the lives of families in the Mercer County Community."

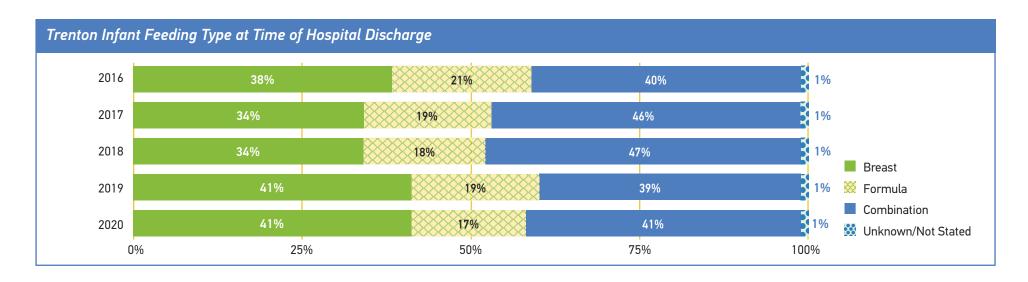
From January to September 2022, nurses visited 333 families, most of whom are Hispanic, lack health insurance, or do not speak English. Since many are recent immigrants, Family Connects functions as the entry point to healthcare and social service systems. To date, they have made 519 referrals to community resources, with 99.3% of participants reporting the program to be helpful, and 97.2% of mothers attending their six-week postpartum doctor's visit.

Building on the national Family Connects model, Gov. Phil Murphy signed legislation in 2021 establishing a statewide universal newborn home visiting program, making New Jersey the second state in the nation to establish such a program. The first phase is to begin in 2023.

The Mercer County program is supported by the Central Jersey Family Health Consortium and Trenton Health Team, and co-funded by the Burke Foundation and the New Jersey Department of Children and Families. To learn more about Family Connects Mercer County, visit trentonhealthteam.org/projects/family-connects.

Infant Feeding Type at Time of Hospital Discharge

| | Trenton | | | | | Mercer | | | | New Jersey | | | | | |
|--------------------|---------|------|------|------|------|--------|-------|-------|-------|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
| Breast | 565 | 473 | 497 | 588 | 589 | 2,002 | 1,769 | 1,658 | 1,985 | 1,863 | 36,046 | 33,146 | 32,001 | 33,033 | 31,616 |
| Formula | 320 | 260 | 255 | 267 | 247 | 616 | 497 | 544 | 579 | 589 | 18,039 | 18,295 | 18,359 | 19,057 | 20,290 |
| Combination | 592 | 653 | 682 | 569 | 592 | 1,487 | 1,685 | 1,660 | 1,409 | 1,392 | 43,165 | 44,431 | 45,285 | 41,575 | 39,943 |
| Unknown/Not Stated | 17 | 19 | 16 | 19 | 18 | 87 | 70 | 73 | 83 | 49 | 5,223 | 5,287 | 5,527 | 5,640 | 5,297 |



Importance of Breastfeeding

The American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) recommends exclusive breastfeeding of infants up to six months in age and later, with the introduction of appropriate foods until the infant's first birthday. Breastfeeding boasts a number of health benefits for both infants and mothers according to the AAP, including a reduced chance that infants will contract certain infectious diseases and a lowered risk of mothers developing certain types of cancer. Breastfeeding also encourages bonding between infants and their parents. However, barriers to breastfeeding do exist — many women who return to work after giving birth have difficulty fitting breastfeeding or expressing milk into their schedule.

Community Doulas Offer a Bridge to Better Care

Community doulas play an integral role in combatting the maternal and infant health crisis, especially in communities of color. Doulas are trusted, nonclinical professionals who provide physical, emotional, and educational support during the prenatal, birthing, and postpartum periods.

With support from the Burke Foundation, the AMAR Community-based Doula Program at the Children's Home Society of New Jersey provides Spanish-speaking families in Trenton with culturally-congruent perinatal support. AMAR doulas have contributed to reductions of 77.4% in preterm births, 52.9% in c-sections, and 83% in low birthweight births. Using the evidence-informed HealthConnect One model, AMAR has served 137 families and trained 23 bilingual community doulas since 2019. The promising results of the program has led to its expansion in Paterson and Newark. To learn more about AMAR, visit chsofnj.org/amar-doula.

Another Trenton-based nonprofit, TruDoulas of New Jersey, is working to put an end to maternal and infant mortality through education, advocacy, and delivering the best care for mom and baby. By establishing close communication with moms during their pregnancy, offering encouragement, promoting a healthy lifestyle and diet, and assisting in managing stress, mothers are supported during the pregnancy to postpartum. TruDoulas also assists families with baby essentials through their baby-parent pantry, Stork's Closet. The pantry offers gently used baby items and gear. With these combined efforts and services, TruDoulas has assisted over 300 families within Trenton and neighboring towns. Learn more at <u>www.facebook.com/TruDoulasofNJ</u> or <u>www.TruDoulasnj.com</u>.

Trenton Infant Mortality Rate by Race

| | 2005-2009 | 2010-2014 | 2015-2019 |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Trenton Average | 12.8 | 11.2 | 9.9 |
| Asian, non-Hispanic | N/A | ** | N/A |
| Black, non-Hispanic | 16.2 | 17.0 | 13.8 |
| Hispanic (of any race) | 8.9 | ** | 6.8 |
| White, non-Hispanic | ** | ** | ** |
| Other Race, non-Hispanic | N/A | ** | ** |

Infant Mortality Rate*

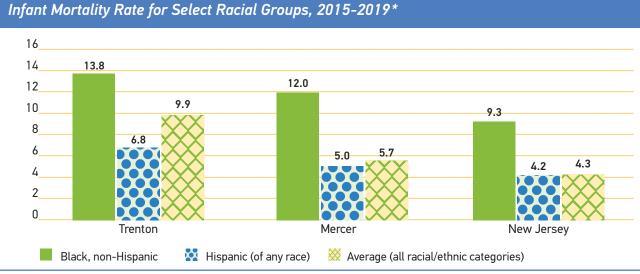
| | 2005-2009 | 2010-2014 | 2015-2019 |
|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Trenton | 12.8 | 11.2 | 9.9 |
| Mercer | 8.4 | 7.2 | 5.7 |
| New Jersey | 5.2 | 4.6 | 4.3 |

*Rate is the number of infant deaths per 1,000 live births.

**Indicates that data are suppressed.

What is New Jersey's Child Fatality and Near Fatality Review Board?

The New Jersey Child Fatality and Near Fatality Review Board (CFNFRB) consists of six different teams, each with their own sets of responsibilities and areas of focus. Team members come from a variety of backgrounds, including law enforcement, medicine, education, and the nonprofit sector. The board conducts in-depth reviews of select child death cases, such as when the cause of death may be a result of abuse or neglect or if the cause is undetermined. For more information on the CFNFRB and to review their annual reports, visit http://www.nj.gov/dcf/providers/ boards/fatality/.



"Note: Some racial groups saw few births resulting in suppressed data and are excluded from the graph above.

| Z016 Z017 Z018 Z019 Z020 Trenton 2 5 3 3 7 Mercer 6 6 8 10 12 | Child Deaths (Ages 1- | | 2017 | 2010 | 2010 | 2020 |
|---|-----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
| Mercer 6 6 8 10 12 | Trenton | 2 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 7 |
| | Mercer | 6 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 |
| New Jersey 185 158 194 169 138 | New Jersey | 185 | 158 | 194 | 169 | 138 |

Asthma-Related Admissions to the Hospital vs. Emergency Room Visits: How Do They Differ?

Asthma is a chronic health condition affecting many children in the city of Trenton. Medication and preventive care can effectively manage asthma, but severe symptoms may require care at a hospital — by visiting the emergency room, or in serious cases, being admitted for in-patient care. Asthma-related emergency room visit data do not reflect child patients who were later admitted to the same hospital for in-patient care.

Asthma Admissions to the Hospital (Ages 0-17)

| | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | % Change 16-20 |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|----------------|
| Trenton | 63 | 37 | 45 | 66 | 28 | -56 |
| Mercer County | 103 | 64 | 91 | 99 | 41 | -60 |
| New Jersey | 2,590 | 2,143 | 2,402 | 1,809 | 732 | -72 |

*Data from 2016 and later may not be comparable to pre-2016 data due to a change in diagnosis coding from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM.

Asthma-Related Emergency Room Visits (Ages 0-17)

| | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | % Change 16-20 |
|---------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|----------------|
| Trenton | 758 | 684 | 661 | 689 | 286 | -62 |
| Mercer County | 1,008 | 932 | 903 | 903 | 374 | -63 |
| New Jersey | 16,918 | 15,493 | 15,635 | 13,837 | 5,312 | -69 |

*Data from 2016 and later may not be comparable to pre-2016 data due to a change in diagnosis coding from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM.



Giving Every Child A Chance®

31

Children 6-26 Months Tested for Lead

| | | 2016 | | 2017* | | 2018 | 1 | 2019 | | 2020 | % Cł | nange 16-20 |
|------------|--------|------------|--------|------------|--------|------------|--------|------------|--------|------------|--------|-------------|
| | # | % Levels ≥ |
| | Tested | 5 µg/dL |
| Trenton | 1,743 | 6.6 | 1,332 | 8.9 | 1,228 | 5.9 | 1,232 | 6.7 | 1,119 | 7.0 | -36 | 6 |
| Mercer | 3,494 | 3.9 | 3,445 | 4.6 | 3,458 | 3.0 | 3,245 | 3.4 | 3,164 | 3.0 | -9 | -22 |
| New Jersey | 94,909 | 2.4 | 87,652 | 2.7 | 84,211 | 2.3 | 77,845 | 2.1 | 78,847 | 1.8 | -17 | -25 |

*Data reflect revised figures issued by the NJ Department of Health in October 2019.

Children <6 Years of Age Tested for Lead

| | | 2016 | | 2017* | | 2018 | | 2019 | | 2020 | % Ch | ange 16-20 |
|------------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| | # Tested | % Levels ≥ 5 µg/dL |
| Trenton | 3,525 | 6.2 | 2,859 | 7.7 | 2,634 | 6.4 | 2,751 | 5.9 | 2,396 | 6.3 | -32 | 1 |
| Mercer | 6,127 | 4.3 | 6,130 | 4.6 | 5,968 | 3.9 | 5,857 | 3.6 | 5,390 | 3.6 | -12 | -16 |
| New Jersey | 175,002 | 2.8 | 165,863 | 2.8 | 161,790 | 2.5 | 150,952 | 2.3 | 139,596 | 2.1 | -20 | -23 |

*Data reflect revised figures issued by the NJ Department of Health in October 2019.

Trenton Environmental Case Activity Status

| | Cases Referred | Investigation Required | Investigation Completed | Abatement Required | Abatement Completed | % Abatement Completed |
|-------|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 2016 | 23 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 2 | 22% |
| 2017* | 35 | 29 | 23 | 15 | 15 | 100% |
| 2018 | 50 | 34 | 30 | 23 | 23 | 100% |
| 2019 | 87 | 69 | 30 | 31 | 30 | 97 % |
| 2020 | 51 | 29 | 26 | 15 | 10 | 67% |

*Data reflect revised figures issued by the NJ Department of Health in October 2019.

Child Health

Lead Paint in Housing

Trenton Water Testing for Lead 2021

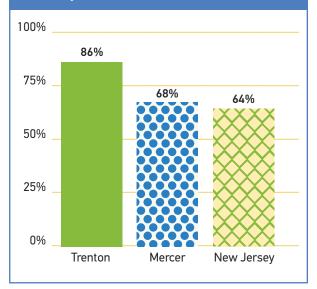
In 1978, the United States banned the use of lead paint. Before then, lead paint and varnish were regularly used in homes and businesses. According to the Environmental Protection Agency, lead-based paint is not problematic unless it is decaying, i.e. chipping, peeling, etc. Children are often exposed to lead poisoning as a result of the dust found in these homes, or chewing on surfaces coated with lead-based paint or the paint chips themselves.

American Community Survey data indicate that 86% of Trenton's housing was constructed prior to 1980, compared to 68% of Mercer County and 64% of New Jersey. Though not a perfect match to when lead paint was banned, these data provide some insight as to the presence of lead in homes.

| frenton mater re | | | |
|------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Total # of Samples Tested | # of Samples > 15 ppb* | % of Sample > 15 ppb |
| January-June | 113 | 3 | 2.7 |
| July-December | 100 | 4 | 4.0 |
| 4D (1997) | | | |

*Parts per billion

Percentage of Housing Structures Built Before 1980, 2021



| | 3 | 2 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | |
|------------|---------|---------|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|----------------|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | % Change 18-22 |
| Trenton | 11,786 | 11,268 | 11,520 | 13,125 | 13,771 | 17 |
| Mercer | 34,385 | 33,288 | 34,234 | 37,825 | 39,296 | 14 |
| New Jersey | 805,080 | 782,866 | 776,976 | 851,417 | 885,881 | 10 |

Children Under 19 Without Health Insurance

| | 2016-2020 | | |
|------------|-----------|-----|--|
| | Number | % | |
| Trenton | 1,353 | 5.9 | |
| Mercer | 2,640 | 3.1 | |
| New Jersey | 81,278 | 3.9 | |

Children Under Age 19 Receiving NJ FamilyCare/Medicaid

| What is NJ F | FamilyCare? |
|--------------|-------------|
|--------------|-------------|

NJ FamilyCare is New Jersey's publicly funded health insurance program, supported by federal Medicaid and Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) dollars and state funding, for children in families with a household income up to 355% of the federal poverty level. As of July 1, 2021, premiums are no longer required for NJ FamilyCare coverage. Qualified state residents of any age may be eligible for free or low-cost health insurance, which covers doctor visits, prescriptions, vision, dental care, mental health and substance use services, and hospitalization. For more information, v isit <u>http://www.njfamilycare.org</u>.

Re-determination Process for Medicaid Eligibility to Begin April 1st

NJ FamilyCare/Medicaid recipients have been able to maintain health insurance coverage since March 2020 without traditional redetermination periods thanks to the provisions specified under the nationwide public health emergency (PHE) in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. At the end of 2022, President Biden signed into law the Consolidated Appropriations Act, an omnibus package that requires states to begin re-determining eligibility for Medicaid enrollees starting April 1, 2023. This means that all members enrolled in an NJ FamilyCare program will be reviewed to see if they still qualify for coverage. It is important that NJ FamilyCare recipients confirm that their most current address and contact information is on file in order to ensure they receive any correspondence regarding their healthcare coverage. **Families on NJ FamilyCare can confirm or update their contact information by calling NJ FamilyCare at 1-800-701-0710.** If a family receives mail from NJ FamilyCare/ Medicaid, they should respond promptly.

Organizations, healthcare providers, and individuals who work closely with families can help spread the word about this process by sharing materials from NJ FamilyCare's <u>Stay</u> <u>Covered Toolkit</u>. Find the most up-to-date information concerning the re-determining process from the New Jersey Department of Human Services will work on updating materials on their <u>StayCoveredNJ website</u>.

Child Health

NJ FamilyCare Covers Oral Health

Untreated cavities can cause pain and infections that may lead to problems with eating, speaking, playing, and learning. Children who have poor oral health often miss more school and receive lower grades.

The KinderSmile Foundation's Community Oral Health Center Trenton provides quality comprehensive dental care to adults and children regardless of whether the individual has insurance. The Center partners with 50 local organizations and ten funders to provide oral healthcare and education to thousands of children since its



opening in November 2020. Services include education for children and families, including special support for pregnant and new mothers, intervention services, and prevention. In order to reach more people, the Center provides services in both English and Spanish, and offers night and weekend appointments. Learn more at <u>https://www.kindersmile.org/trenton/</u>. To view a timetable of when children are recommended to visit their dentist, visit <u>https://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/dmahs/clients/</u> periodicity of dental services.pdf.

Improving Vision in Trenton

One of Henry J. Austin Health Center's (HJAHC) primary missionbased outreach strategies is to bring access to integrative healthcare services to members of the community who otherwise experience barriers and disparities in access. Through locations in neighborhoods where family members of all ages live, learn, work, and play, HJAHC has created trusted and reliable prevention, treatment, and wellness hubs.

HJAHC has partnered with Vision To Learn, a nonprofit organization that brings eye care to the community. Vision To Learn is a complete program designed to help students from Pre-K through 12th grade gain corrective eye care services that will help them succeed in school and life over three appointments. The project provides glasses free of charge for children who require vision correction.

According to Vision To Learn, one in four students in public schools lacks the glasses they need to see the board, read a book, or participate in class; in under-served communities, 95% of children who need glasses do not have them. Students with uncorrected vision problems often avoid reading, suffer headaches, and have trouble focusing in class, as 80% of learning is visual during a child's first 12 years. Students with uncorrected vision problems are more likely to fail at least one grade, less likely to read at grade level by third grade — a milestone critical to preventing dropout — and more likely to engage in antisocial and delinquent behavior. Up to 70% of juvenile offenders have uncorrected vision issues. In collaboration with Vision To Learn, HJAHC travels to where students are to ameliorate obstacles, such as transportation, fees, and wait times.



In under-served communities like Trenton, 95% of children who need glasses do not have them.

Through donated funding, HJAHC wants to ensure that every child in Trenton has the eyecare resources, including corrective glasses, needed to succeed in school and in life. For more information, visit <u>https://henryjaustin.org/</u>.

References:

¹ March of Dimes. (2014). Low Birthweight. Accessed January 12, 2023, from <u>https://www.marchofdimes.org/find-support/</u> topics/birth/low-birthweight.

Data Sources and Technical Notes:

Women Receiving Early Prenatal Care, 2016–2020. Live births for which the mother received prenatal care beginning in the first trimester. As reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Data, New Jersey Birth Certificate Database. Data accessed as of July 7, 2022.

Percentage of Women Receiving Early Prenatal Care, 2020. Live births for which the mother received prenatal care beginning in the first trimester. As reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Data, New Jersey Birth Certificate Database. Data accessed as of July 7, 2022.

Percentage of Trenton Women Receiving Early Prenatal Care by Race, 2020. Percentage of live births for which the mother received prenatal care beginning in the first trimester. As reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Data, New Jersey Birth Certificate Database. Data accessed as of July 7, 2022.

Number of Trenton Births by Prenatal Care Onset, 2016-2020. The number of total births in Trenton by trimester of prenatal care onset. As reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Data, New Jersey Birth Certificate Database. Data accessed as of July 7, 2022.

Prenatal Care Onset Based on All Live Births in Trenton, 2016-2020. The percentage of total births by trimester of prenatal care onset. As reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Data, New Jersey Birth Certificate Database. Data accessed as of July 7, 2022.

Percentage of Births That Were Preterm, 2016-2020. Percentage of total births that were considered preterm. A preterm birth is defined as less than 37 weeks. As reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Data, New Jersey Birth Certificate Database. Data accessed as of July 7, 2022.

Percentage of Trenton Births That Were Preterm by Race, 2016-2020. Percentage of total births that were considered preterm. A preterm birth is defined as less than 37 weeks. As reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Data, New Jersey Birth Certificate Database. Data accessed as of July 7, 2022.

Babies Born with Low Birthweights, 2016-2020. The number of babies born weighing less than 2,500-grams as reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Data, New Jersey Birth Certificate Database. Data accessed as of July 7, 2022.

Percentage of Babies Born with Low Birthweight, 2016-2020. The percentage of babies born weighing less than 2,500-grams out of the total number of live births. As reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Data, New Jersey Birth Certificate Database. Data accessed as of July 7, 2022.

Births by Method of Delivery, 2016-2020. The count of all live births based on method of delivery. New Jersey Birth Certificate Database, Office of Vital Statistics and Registry, New Jersey Department of Health. Data accessed as of July 7, 2022.

Trenton Births by Method of Delivery, 2016-2020. The percentage of all live births based on method of delivery. New Jersey Birth Certificate Database, Office of Vital Statistics and Registry, New Jersey Department of Health. Data accessed as of July 7, 2022.

Births by Type of Birth Attendant, 2016-2020. The count of all live births based on type of birth attendant. New Jersey Birth Certificate Database, Office of Vital Statistics and Registry, New Jersey Department of Health. Data accessed as of July 7, 2022.

Infant Feeding Type at Time of Hospital Discharge, 2016-2020. The type of feedings given to an infant in the 24 hours prior to discharge from the hospital. New Jersey Birth Certificate Database, Office of Vital Statistics and Registry, New Jersey Department of Health. Data accessed as of August 10, 2022.

Trenton Infant Feeding Type at Time of Hospital Discharge, 2016-2020. The type of feedings given to an infant in the 24 hours prior to discharge from the hospital. Percentages based on total live births within Trenton. New Jersey Birth Certificate Database, Office of Vital Statistics and Registry, New Jersey Department of Health. Data accessed as of August 10, 2022.

Infant Mortality Rate, 2005-2009, 2010–2014 and 2015-2019. The number of infants under one year who died during that year. Rate is the number of infant deaths per 1,000 live births. As reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Data, New Jersey Death and Birth Certificate Databases. Data accessed as of July 13, 2022.

Trenton Infant Mortality Rate by Race, 2005-2009, 2010-2014 and 2015-2019. The number of infants under one year who died during that year. Rate is the number of infant deaths per 1,000 births. As reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Data, New Jersey Death Certificate Database. Data accessed as of July 13, 2022.

Infant Mortality Rate for Select Racial Groups, 2015-2019. The number of infants under one year who died during that year. Rate is the number of infant deaths per 1,000 births. As reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Data, New Jersey Death Certificate Database. Data accessed as of July 13, 2022.

Child Deaths (Ages 1-14), 2016-2020. The number of children between ages one and 14 who died during that year, as reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Data, New Jersey Death Certificate Database. Data accessed as of July 8, 2022.

Asthma Admissions to the Hospital, (Ages 0-17), 2016-2020. Number of New Jersey inpatient hospital discharges with a primary asthma diagnosis for residents 0-17 years of age. Counts do not include out of state hospitalizations for New Jersey residents. As reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Data, New Jersey Discharge Data Collection System. Data from 2016 and later may not be comparable to pre-2016 data

due to a change in diagnosis coding from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM. Data accessed as of July 8,2022.

Asthma-Related Emergency Room Visits (Ages 0-17), 2016-2020. Number of New Jersey emergency department discharges with a primary asthma diagnosis for residents 0-17 years of age. Counts do not include out of state hospitalizations for New Jersey residents. As reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Data, New Jersey Discharge Data Collection System. Data from 2016 and later may not be comparable to pre-2016 data due to a change in diagnosis coding from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM. Data accessed as of July 13, 2022.

Trenton Asthma-Related Hospital Visits (Ages 0-17), 2016-2020. Number of Trenton inpatient hospital discharges and emergency department discharges for residents 0-17 years of age. As reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Date. New Jersey Discharge Data Collection System. Data from 2016 and later may not be comparable to pre-2016 data due to a change in diagnosis coding from ICD-9-CM to ICD-10-CM. Data accessed as of July 13, 2022.

Children 6-26 Months Tested for Lead, 2016-2020. As reported by the NJ Department of Health, Public Health Services Branch, Division of Family Health Services. Data accessed as of October 27, 2022.

Children <6 Years of Age Tested for Lead, 2016-2020. As reported by the NJ Department of Health, Public Health Services Branch, Division of Family Health Services. Data accessed as of October 27, 2022.

Trenton Environmental Case Activity Status, 2016-2020. As reported by the NJ Department of Health, Public Health Services Branch, Division of Family Health Services. Data accessed as of October 27, 2022.

Percentage of Housing Structures Built Before 1980, 2021. As reported by the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey B25034 using 1-year estimates.

Trenton Water Testing for Lead, 2021. The number of Trenton-based samples tested and the number of samples with lead levels greater than 15 parts per billion (EPA action level). As reported by the N.J. Department of Environmental Protection, Drinking Water Watch report. Lead results for the January 1, 2021 – June 30, 2021 and July 1, 2021 – December 31, 2021. Data accessed October 12, 2022.

Children Under Age 19 Receiving NJ FamilyCare/Medicaid, 2018-2022. As reported by the NJ Department of Human Services. Data are from March of each year and are point in time snapshots that do not reflect any retroactivity. Includes children under age 18 enrolled in Medicaid, which is available to children living in families earning below 133% of the federal poverty level and children enrolled in the CHIP portion of NJ FamilyCare, which is available to children living in families earning up to 355% of the federal poverty level. Data for state and Mercer county retrieved on July 14, 2022; data for Trenton retrieved on April 25, 2022.

Children Under 19 Without Health Insurance, 2016-2020. As reported by the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey chart B27001 using 5-year estimates. Data are not comparable to previous years' estimates for children without health insurance, due to a change in the included ages.

4 Child Protection

What is CP&P?

The Division of Child Protection and Permanency (CP&P), formerly the Division of Youth and Family Services (DYFS), operates within the New Jersey Department of Children and Families (DCF) as the state's child welfare and protection agency. CP&P is responsible for investigating reports of child abuse and neglect and, if necessary, arranging for the child's protection and services for the family. When children cannot remain at home due to safety concerns, CP&P may ask the family court to place the child into foster care and to seek another permanent home for children who cannot be safely reunified with their parent(s) within the timeframes provided by law.

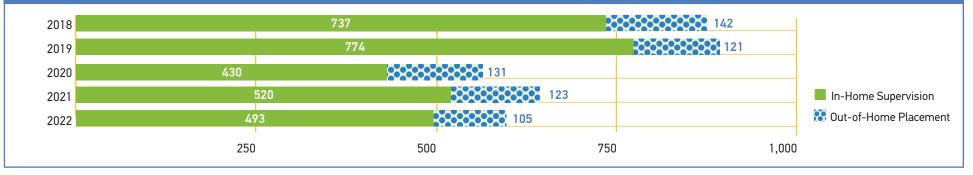
Children Under Child Protection and Permanency (CP&P) Supervision

| | | | · · · · · | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | |
|--|--------|--------|-----------|---------------------------------------|--------|----------------|--|--|--|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | % Change 18-22 | | | |
| Trenton | 879 | 895 | 561 | 643 | 598 | -32 | | | |
| Mercer | 1,816 | 1,818 | 1,218 | 1,433 | 1,324 | -27 | | | |
| New Jersey | 48,256 | 47,151 | 29,282 | 33,790 | 31,830 | -34 | | | |
| Children Receiving In-Home CP&P Services | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | % Change 18-22 | | | |
| Trenton | 737 | 774 | 430 | 520 | 493 | -33 | | | |
| Mercer | 1,467 | 1,508 | 919 | 1,189 | 1,103 | -25 | | | |
| New Jersey | 42,202 | 42,036 | 25,074 | 30,185 | 28,676 | -32 | | | |

Children in Out-of-Home CP&P Placement

| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | % Change 18-22 |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------------|
| Trenton | 142 | 121 | 131 | 123 | 105 | -26 |
| Mercer | 349 | 310 | 299 | 244 | 221 | -37 |
| New Jersey | 6,054 | 5,115 | 4,208 | 3,605 | 3,154 | -48 |

Trenton Children Under CP&P Supervision



Federal Court Oversight of NJ Department of Children and Families is Ending

The federal court oversight of New Jersey's child welfare system is finally ending after 20 years. The final exit will occur no later than June 2023 according to an Agreement presented to the Honorable Stanley R. Chesler in federal court on March 22, 2022. DCF is in the process of redesigning many of its quality improvement processes to integrate a Solution Based Casework (SBC) approach with its Case Practice Model. To read the monitoring reports, visit <u>https://www.nj.gov/dcf/about/welfare/federal/</u>. To read more about the SBC approach, visit <u>https://acnj.org/solutionbased-casework-model-to-be-implemented-for-dcpp-involved-families/</u>. DCF is working with the Judiciary and other stakeholders to address racial disparities that persist despite the overall reduction of children and families involved with CP&P. Other priorities of DCF's Commissioner Christine Norbut Beyer include primary prevention of maltreatment, staff health and wellness, and efforts to increase placement with relatives and kin should a child require placement due to safety concerns. To read more about the reforms underway, visit the DCF website at https://www.nj.gov/dcf/. To read more about the increased placement with kin, visit https://www.nj.gov/dcf/. To read more about the increased placement with kin, visit https://www.nj.gov/dcf/.

Number of Children Reported for Abuse/Neglect

| | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | % Change 17-21 |
|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------------|
| Trenton | 2,331 | 2,477 | 2,386 | 1,747 | 1,976 | -15 |
| Mercer | 4,020 | 4,296 | 4,457 | 3,304 | 3,718 | -8 |
| New Jersey | 91,585 | 94,161 | 96,060 | 73,726 | 84,162 | -8 |

Children with Substantiated/Established Findings of Abuse/Neglect

| | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | % Change 17-21 |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------------|
| Trenton | 116 | 77 | 112 | 49 | 42 | -64 |
| Mercer | 212 | 152 | 204 | 101 | 83 | -61 |
| New Jersey | 6,463 | 5,923 | 4,897 | 3,134 | 3,232 | -50 |

Percentage of Reported Children with Substantiated/Established Findings of Abuse/Neglect

| | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | % Change 17-21 |
|------------|------|------|------|------|------|----------------|
| Trenton | 5.0 | 3.1 | 4.7 | 2.8 | 2.1 | -57 |
| Mercer | 5.3 | 3.5 | 4.6 | 3.1 | 2.2 | -58 |
| New Jersey | 7.1 | 6.3 | 5.1 | 4.3 | 3.8 | -46 |

The New Jersey Youth Resource Spot

The New Jersey Youth Resource Spot (<u>http://www.njyrs.org/</u>) is a website created by members of the DCF Youth Council, specially geared for young people in New Jersey that have been involved with DCF and those who work with them.

Data Sources and Technical Notes:

Children Under Child Protection and Permanency (CP&P) Supervision, 2018-2022. As reported by the NJ Department of Children and Families. Data are as of June 30 for each year.

Children Receiving In-Home CP&P Services, 2018-2022. As reported by the NJ Department of Children and Families. Data are as of June 30 for each year.

Children in Out-of-Home CP&P Placement, 2018-2022. As reported by the NJ Department of Children and Families. Data are as of June 30 for each year.

Trenton Children Under CP&P Supervision, 2018-2022. As reported by the NJ Department of Children and Families. Data are as of June 30 for each year. Number of Children Reported for Abuse/Neglect, 2017-2021. Number of children who were reported for child abuse/neglect. As reported by the NJ Department of Children and Families for each calendar year. Data are as of December 31 for each year.

Children with Substantiated/Established Findings of Abuse/ Neglect, 2017-2021. The number of children found to be victims of child abuse/neglect. As reported by the NJ Department of Children and Families for each calendar year. Previously, investigators could only determine whether reported abuse/neglect was "substantiated" or "unfounded". Data are as of December 31 of each year. Percentage of Reported Children with Substantiated/Established Findings of Abuse/Neglect, 2017-2021. Based on the number of children found to be substantiated or established victims of child abuse/neglect out of the number of children reported for abuse or neglect. As reported by the NJ Department of Children and Families. Previously, investigators could only determine whether reported abuse/neglect was "substantiated" or "unfounded". Data are as of December 31 of each year.



5 Child Care

Licensed Child Care Centers and Registered Family Child Care Providers: How Do They Differ?

Licensed child care centers and registered family child care providers both offer child care to children under the age of 13. However, there are key differences in the number of children they are permitted to serve and the locations in which they operate. Licensed child care centers serve a minimum of six children and must adhere to state licensing requirements. Registered family child care providers care for a maximum of five children at a time in their own homes. Family child care providers who register voluntarily through New Jersey's Child Care Resource and Referral Agencies are required to meet state regulations primarily related to health and safety concerns. Due to the declaration of the COVID-19 pandemic, in an effort to the flatten the curve of COVID-19 cases, Governor Murphy issued Executive Order No. 110 on March 25, 2020, requiring licensed child care centers to close on April 1, 2020 unless approved to serve the children of those classified as essential personnel. On May 29, 2020, Governor Murphy signed Executive Order No. 149 allowing licensed child care centers to resume normal operations beginning on or after June 15, 2020

subject to their compliance with specific COVID-19 health and safety standards. This order also rescinded the emergency child care program under Executive Order No. 110.

Licensed Child Care Centers

| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020* | 2021 | 2022 | % Change 18-22 |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------------|
| Trenton | 51 | 52 | 15 | 23 | 47 | -8 |
| Mercer | 205 | 210 | 87 | 148 | 190 | -7 |
| New Jersey | 4,141 | 4,171 | 2,018 | 3,371 | 3,976 | -4 |

The impact of the executive orders can be

seen in both the supply and capacity of

child care across the state.

*See note regarding Executive Orders 110 and 149.

Child Care Center Capacity

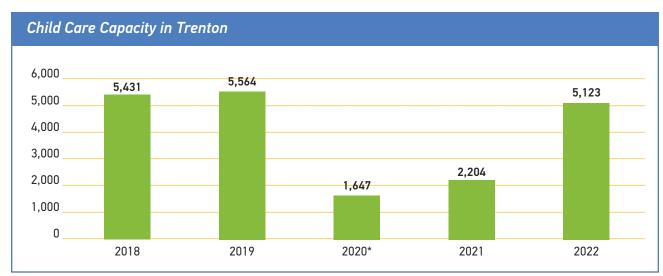
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020* | 2021 | 2022 | % Change 18-22 |
|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------------|
| Trenton | 5,431 | 5,564 | 1,647 | 2,204 | 5,123 | -6 |
| Mercer | 20,067 | 20,108 | 9,090 | 13,979 | 18,384 | -8 |
| New Jersey | 382,734 | 387,092 | 196,338 | 321,967 | 383,595 | 0 |

*See note regarding Executive Orders 110 and 149.

Registered Family Child Care Providers

| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | % Change 18-22 |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------------|
| Trenton | 16 | 18 | 16 | 16 | 17 | 6 |
| Mercer | 31 | 32 | 28 | 25 | 24 | -23 |
| New Jersey | 1,639 | 1,478 | 1,430 | 1,275 | 1,199 | -27 |

Child Care



*See note regarding Executive Orders 110 and 149.



New Jersey's State-Funded Home Visitation Programs

Home visitation is defined as families receiving regularly scheduled visits by either a trained home visitor or a nurse. The state's home visitation programs are designed to help mothers and fathers build healthy environments for their infants and young children by promoting infant and child health, nurturing positive parent-child relationships, and linking parents to resources and support. This is typically provided to families facing poverty and other risk factors, with visits starting before or immediately after birth. In 2022, the number of Trenton families participating in home visitation programs decreased by 37% since 2018.

Families Receiving State-Funded Home Visitation Programs*

| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | % Change 18-22 |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------------|
| Trenton | 316 | 311 | 278 | 247 | 200 | -37 |
| Mercer | 331 | 334 | 308 | 278 | 242 | -27 |
| New Jersey | 6,997 | 6,666 | 6,246 | 5,534 | 4,925 | -30 |

*Data are for June of each year.

New Jersey's Universally Offered Home Visitation Program

In July 2021, New Jersey became the second state in the country to offer a voluntary home visiting program for all parents of newborns. The program will be housed within the NJ Department of Children and Families. New Jersey's universally offered home visiting program will allow all new parents the opportunity to access individualized advice, expertise and support to ensure both parent and child get off to the right start. This strength-based approach to supporting all families will address the period-of-time between the birth of the newborn and the mother's first visit to the obstetrician at six weeks. Such a proactive approach to supporting new families will reduce potential maternal and infant issues that may arise during this extended period.

Data Sources and Technical Notes:

Licensed Child Care Centers, 2018-2022. The number of statelicensed child care centers. As reported by the NJ Department of Children and Families. Data are as of June for each year.

Child Care Center Capacity, 2018-2022. The capacity of statelicensed child care centers. As reported by the NJ Department of Children and Families. Data are as of June for each year. **Registered Family Child Care Providers, 2018-2022.** As reported by the NJ Department of Children and Families. Data are as of June for each year. Family child care providers comply with state requirements, but operate as independent small businesses.

Child Care Capacity in Trenton, 2018-2022. The capacity of statelicensed child care centers in Trenton. As reported by the NJ Department of Children and Families. Data are as of June for each year. **Families Receiving State-Funded Home Visitation Programs, 2018-2022.** As reported by the NJ Department of Children and Families. Data are as of June for each year.



6 Education

The Impact of COVID-19

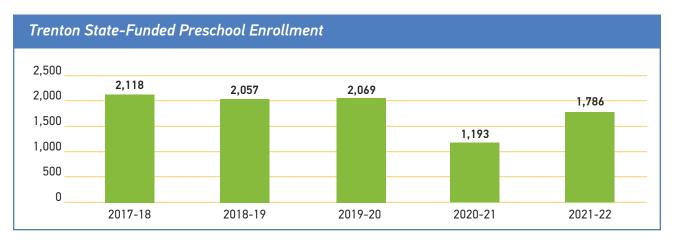
The COVID-19 pandemic moved all students to remote learning for more than one school year, and the data are beginning to reflect the impact of the shutdown. Start Strong Assessments were administered statewide in the fall of 2021 in place of state exams. Trenton saw a decrease in preschool enrollment between the 2019-20 and 2020-21 school years with 876 fewer students enrolling but saw an increase in 2021-22.



State-Funded Preschool Enrollment

| | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 | % Change 18-22 |
|------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------------|
| Trenton | 2,118 | 2,057 | 2,069 | 1,193 | 1,786 | -16 |
| Mercer | 2,193 | 2,134 | 2,187 | 1,284 | 1,937 | -12 |
| New Jersey | 51,580 | 53,177 | 56,279 | 46,898 | 53,258 | 3 |

*Data reflect preschools fully-funded by the state.



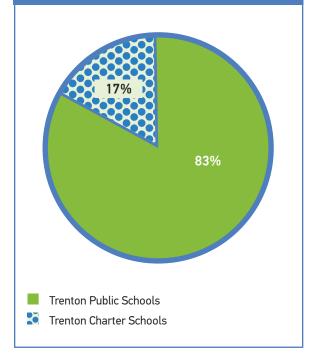
Trenton Preschool: A Model for New Jersey

The Trenton School District's preschool is a model for New Jersey and the nation. Since the first year of the Abbott v. Burke decision, the school district has contracted with community-based providers to provide its court-mandated, high-quality preschool. The District currently serves 100 percent of its preschool children through 32 contracts with community-based centers, allowing all children to be served in a learning environment that is focused solely on young children while supporting the economic infrastructure of the community.

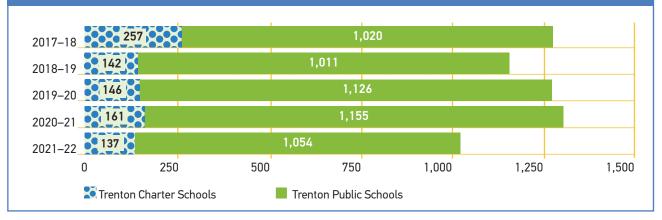
Kindergarten Enrollment

| | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 | % Change 18-22 |
|-------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------------|
| Trenton Public Schools | 1,020 | 1,011 | 1,126 | 1,155 | 1,054 | 3 |
| Trenton Charter Schools | 257 | 142 | 146 | 161 | 137 | -47 |
| Trenton Total | 1,277 | 1,153 | 1,272 | 1,316 | 1,191 | -7 |
| Mercer | 4,059 | 3,929 | 4,108 | 3,823 | 3,869 | -5 |
| New Jersey | 90,828 | 89,294 | 90,818 | 82,604 | 86,202 | -5 |

Percentage of Trenton Students Enrolled in School by School Type, 2021-22



Kindergarten Enrollment



Pre-K-12 Total Enrollment

| | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 | % Change 18-22 |
|-------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------------|
| Trenton Public Schools | 11,119 | 11,923 | 12,653 | 14,119 | 14,470 | 30 |
| Trenton Charter Schools | 2,952 | 2,539 | 2,685 | 2,817 | 2,904 | -2 |
| Trenton Total | 14,071 | 14,462 | 15,338 | 16,936 | 17,374 | 23 |

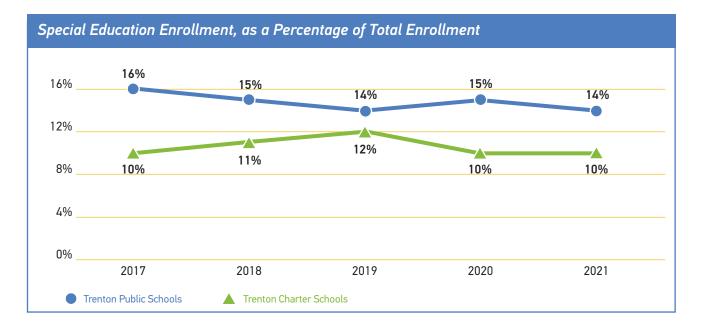
6 Education

Special Education Enrollment, Ages 3-21

| | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 | % Change 18-22 |
|--------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------------|
| Trenton Public Schools | 2,182 | 2,182 | 2,224 | 2,112 | 2,123 | -3 |
| Trenton Charter Schools* | 293 | 280 | 312 | 275 | 291 | -1 |
| Trenton Total | 2,475 | 2,462 | 2,536 | 2,387 | 2,414 | -2 |

Note: Includes public and non-public students.

Data for some charter schools are suppressed.



Trenton Public Schools Special Education Students by Disability, 2021-22

| | Autism | Deaf- Blindness | Emotional Disturbance | Hearing Impairment | Multiple Disabilities | Intellectual Disability | Other Health Impairment | Orthopedic Impairment | Specific Learning Disability | Speech or Language Impairment | Traumatic Brain Injury | Visual Impairment | Develop- mental Delay |
|-----------|--------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| Ages 3-5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 47 |
| Ages 6-21 | 246 | 0 | 117 | 19 | 250 | 175 | 197 | * | 847 | 215 | * | * | 0 |

Note: Does not include charter school data.

*Counts of fewer than 10 students have been suppressed to protect confidentiality.

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Percentage of Homeless Students Out of Total Enrollment

| | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019–20 | 2020–21 |
|------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Trenton Public Schools | 0.3 | 0.5 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.8 |

What is a Homeless Student?

A homeless student is defined as any youth lacking a regular and adequate nighttime residence. Included in this definition is a broad set of living arrangements — children living in hotels or motels, public places, or sharing housing with other families due to a lack of suitable housing or financial stability. This definition was provided by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act and amended through the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) in 2016. Under the ESSA amendment, children awaiting foster care placement are no longer defined as homeless.

Legally, the state is required to provide a number of services to homeless children, including the appointment of a homeless student liaison who helps students and parents with enrollment, transportation, arrangements, and accessing services. For more information on homeless students, visit <u>https://nche.ed.gov/</u>. For more information on homeless students at the state level, visit <u>https://www.nj.gov/education/homeless/index.shtml</u>.

English Language Learner Enrollment as a Percentage of Total Enrollment

| | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 |
|---|---------|---------|---------|
| Trenton Public Schools | 30.0 | 27.1 | 27.0 |
| Achievers Early College Prep Charter School | 0 | 0 | 4.8 |
| Clara Parker Elementary School | N/A | 40.2 | 46.0 |
| Columbus Elementary School | 21.1 | 17.7 | 22.5 |
| Daylight/Twilight High School | 41.3 | 64.5 | 35.6 |
| Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Elementary School | 46.8 | 43.2 | 48.0 |
| Dunn Middle School | 34.7 | 34.9 | 32.6 |
| Foundation Academy Charter School | 8.8 | 8.6 | 10.2 |
| Franklin Elementary School | 31.0 | 28.2 | 30.5 |
| Grant Elementary School | 40.2 | 45.7 | 46.9 |
| Gregory Elementary School | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0 |
| Harrison Elementary School | 36.2 | 27.3 | 24.7 |
| Hedgepeth Williams Middle School | 24.8 | 25.3 | 30.4 |
| International Charter School | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Joyce Kilmer School | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.5 |
| Luis Muñoz-Rivera Middle School | 16.2 | 15.1 | 14.2 |
| Monument Elementary School | N/A | 19.7 | 38.6 |
| Mott Elementary School | 41.1 | 40.5 | 51.2 |
| P.J. Hill Elementary | 32.0 | 33.1 | 38.9 |
| Parker Elementary | 39.4 | N/A | N/A |
| Paul Robeson Charter School For the Humanities | 22.8 | 20.5 | 12.0 |
| Robbins Elementary School | 62.2 | 62.3 | 65.4 |
| The Village Charter School | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Trenton Central High School – Main Campus | 16.7 | 13.4 | 17.3 |
| Trenton Central High School – 9th Grade Academy | 13.9 | 10.0 | 22.4 |
| Trenton Stem-to-Civics Charter School | 1.0 | 2.4 | 3.1 |
| Washington Elementary School | 33.0 | 27.9 | 30.7 |
| Wilson Elementary School | 57.2 | 60.3 | 63.5 |
| New Jersey | 6.9 | 7.0 | 7.4 |

When is a Student Considered an English Language Learner?

The NJ Department of Education uses the term English Language Learner (ELL) to describe students whose first language is other than English or who have difficulty reading, writing, and understanding English. The State of New Jersey administers an annual survey to assess the languages spoken in students' homes in an effort to identify ELL students. An English Language Learner's proficiency may require additional services to allow them to be successful in the district's academic program.

English Language Arts Start Strong Assessment Results, 2020–21

| | # of Valid Scores | Level 1: Strong Support May Be Needed (%) | Level 2: Some Support May Be Needed (%) | Level 3: Less Support May Be Needed (%) |
|------------------------|-------------------|---|---|---|
| 4 th Grade | | | | |
| Trenton Public Schools | 1,010 | 79 | 13 | <10 |
| New Jersey | 88,247 | 41 | 22 | 37 |
| 5 th Grade | | | | |
| Trenton Public Schools | 940 | 67 | 19 | 14 |
| New Jersey | 90,392 | 27 | 25 | 48 |
| 6 th Grade | | | | |
| Trenton Public Schools | 870 | 71 | 19 | 11 |
| New Jersey | 90,923 | 33 | 26 | 41 |
| 7 th Grade | | | | |
| Trenton Public Schools | 766 | 59 | 22 | 19 |
| New Jersey | 94,599 | 28 | 25 | 48 |
| 8 th Grade | | | | |
| Trenton Public Schools | 672 | 67 | 16 | 17 |
| New Jersey | 96,482 | 30 | 20 | 50 |
| 9 th Grade | | | | |
| Trenton Public Schools | 619 | 66 | 11 | 23 |
| New Jersey | 94,807 | 31 | 15 | 54 |
| 10 th Grade | | | | |
| Trenton Public Schools | 647 | 56 | 19 | 25 |
| New Jersey | 92,830 | 26 | 20 | 54 |

Math Start Strong Assessment Results, 2020-21

| Math Start Strong Assessment Results, 2020- | | Level 1: Strong Support | Level 2: Some Support | Level 3: Less Support |
|---|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | # of Valid Scores | May Be Needed (%) | May Be Needed (%) | May Be Needed (%) |
| 4 th Grade | | | | |
| Trenton Public Schools | 1,006 | 92 | <10 | <10 |
| New Jersey | 88,593 | 49 | 23 | 29 |
| 5 th Grade | | | | |
| Trenton Public Schools | 942 | 94 | <10 | <10 |
| New Jersey | 90,528 | 54 | 21 | 24 |
| 6 th Grade | | | | |
| Trenton Public Schools | 836 | 92 | <10 | <10 |
| New Jersey | 91,036 | 53 | 25 | 23 |
| 7 th Grade | | | | |
| Trenton Public Schools | 762 | 83 | 14 | <10 |
| New Jersey | 90,129 | 42 | 33 | 25 |
| 8 th Grade | | | | |
| Trenton Public Schools | 622 | 83 | 15 | <10 |
| New Jersey | 68,932 | 46 | 35 | 18 |

Algebra Start Strong Assessment Results, 2020-21

| Algebra Start Strong Assessment Results | # of Valid Scores | Level 1: Strong Support May Be Needed (%) | Level 2: Some Support May Be Needed (%) | Level 3: Less Support May Be Needed (%) |
|---|-------------------|---|---|---|
| Algebra I | | | | |
| Trenton Public Schools | 685 | 92 | <10 | <10 |
| New Jersey | 97,652 | 60 | 24 | 16 |
| Algebra II | | | | |
| Trenton Public Schools | 551 | 80 | 18 | <10 |
| New Jersey | 76,947 | 31 | 29 | 40 |

Geometry Start Strong Assessment Results, 2020-21

| Geometry Start Strong Assessment Resu | # of Valid Scores | Level 1: Strong Support May Be Needed (%) | Level 2: Some Support May Be Needed (%) | Level 3: Less Support May Be Needed (%) |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|---|---|---|
| Geometry | | | | |
| Trenton Public Schools | 571 | 83 | 13 | <10 |
| New Jersey | 88,810 | 47 | 24 | 29 |

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Science Start Strong Assessment Results, 2020-21

| Science Start Strong Assessment Results | 5, 2020-21 | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | Level 1: | Level 2: | Level 3: |
| | | Strong Support | Some Support | Less Support |
| | # of Valid Scores | May Be Needed (%) | May Be Needed (%) | May Be Needed (%) |
| 6 th Grade | | | | |
| Trenton Public Schools | 846 | 81 | 16 | <10 |
| New Jersey | 90,627 | 43 | 34 | 24 |
| | | | | |
| 9 th Grade | | | | |
| Trenton Public Schools | 627 | 77 | 20 | <10 |
| New Jersey | 94,490 | 42 | 42 | 16 |
| | | | | |
| 12 th Grade | | | | |
| Trenton Public Schools | 524 | 82 | 14 | <10 |
| New Jersey | 87,481 | 49 | 24 | 27 |





Trenton Public Schools,

Participation in World Language Courses, 2020-21

| | Spanish | French | Chinese | |
|--------------------------------|---------|--------|---------|--|
| Grade 6 | 377 | 0 | 0 | |
| Grade 7 | 263 | 0 | 0 | |
| Grade 8 | 228 | 0 | 0 | |
| Grade 9 | 43 | 0 | 0 | |
| Grade 10 | 362 | 111 | 33 | |
| Grade 11 | 95 | 55 | 29 | |
| Grade 12 | 76 | 23 | 10 | |
| Districtwide | 1,444 | 189 | 72 | |
| Enrolled in Level 3 or Higher* | 6 | 0 | 0 | |

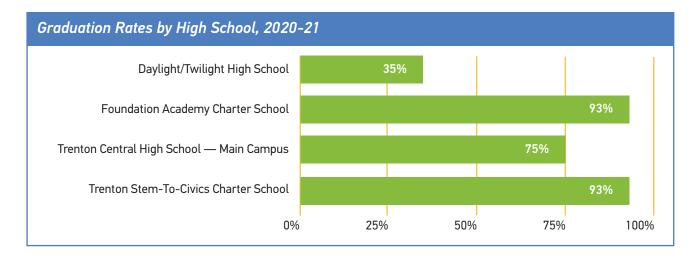
*Such as Spanish III or IV

Participation in Visual and Performing Arts, 2020-21

| | Grades 6 | -8 | Grades 9-12 | | |
|---|------------------------|------------|------------------------|------------|--|
| | Trenton Public Schools | New Jersey | Trenton Public Schools | New Jersey | |
| Students enrolled in one or more visual and performing arts classes | 72.2 | 87.5 | 41.6 | 49.9 | |
| Enrollment in one or more classes by discipline | | | | | |
| Music | 40.2 | 60.7 | 12.4 | 16.1 | |
| Dance | 16.8 | 3.2 | 1.7 | 2.3 | |
| Drama | 7.5 | 6.7 | 1.2 | 3.4 | |
| Visual Arts | 26.0 | 68.6 | 29.2 | 33.2 | |

High School Graduation Rates

| | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018–19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | % Change 17-21 |
|------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------------|
| Trenton Public Schools | 70 | 68 | 64 | 64 | 62 | -11 |
| New Jersey | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 0 |



Graduation Rates by Demographic Group, Trenton Public Schools, 2021

| Demographic Group | Rate |
|---|------|
| Districtwide | 62 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | Ν |
| Asian, Native Hawaiian, or Pacific Islander | * |
| Black or African American | 67 |
| Hispanic | 60 |
| Two or More Races | * |
| White | 30 |
| Male | 55 |
| Female | 71 |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 64 |
| Students with Disabilities | 54 |
| English Learners | 50 |
| Homeless Students | 50 |
| Students in Foster Care | 27 |



David Kelly Crow, Photographer

What is HomeWorks?

HomeWorks is a free, community-based, afterschool residential program for high school girls from marginalized communities, started in Trenton in 2016. Scholars live in the Home-Works dorm from Sunday to Friday and are transported to and from their public schools. They engage in activities focused on academics and identity-driven leadership, such as finance and investment, poetry writing, discussions on colorism, immigration, and desirability politics, college tours, and watching a Broadway show in New York. They then eat a family-style meal,

engage in daily study hall and tutoring, and stay overnight in the dorm with two full-time staff members. Since its inception, HomeWorks has worked with over 30 scholars. Each year, the organization provides approximately 180 dinners, 360 trips to and from school, 220 hours of tutoring sessions, 400 hours of programming and activities, and a dorm to live in five nights a week, to each scholar. In 2021-2022, the average daily school attendance rate of girls enrolled in the program was 92% compared to 86% of the total student population enrolled in Trenton schools. Their first HomeWorks graduate was accepted into nine universities and is currently attending Montclair State University on a fullride scholarship in partnership with HomeWorks and the Give Back Foundation. By providing a safe academic and residential space, Home-Works scholars will gain the tools to achieve their full potential, and collectively break down social injustices in their home communities and beyond through ground-up, people-driven systemic change. Learn more at <u>www.homeworkstrenton.org</u>.

Average SAT Score by High School

| | Math | Reading and Writing | 2016-17 Percentage Participation | Math | Reading and Writing | 2017-18 Percentage Participation | Math | Reading and Writing | 2018-19 Percentage Participation | Math | Reading and Writing | 2019-20 Percentage Participation | Math | Reading and Writing | 2020-21 Percentage Participation |
|--|------|---------------------------|--|------|---------------------------|--|------|---------------------------|--|------|---------------------------|---|------|---------------------------|---|
| Trenton Public Schools | 429 | 446 | 60 | 404 | 423 | 84 | 397 | 417 | 85 | 393 | 408 | 87 | 394 | 406 | 78 |
| Daylight/Twilight High School | * | * | * | 383 | 393 | 28 | 350 | 374 | 34 | 361 | 389 | 28 | * | * | 6 |
| Trenton Central High School — Main Campus | 427 | 443 | 71 | 410 | 431 | 99 | 401 | 421 | 93 | 395 | 409 | 100 | 394 | 406 | 90 |
| Foundation Academy Charter School | 480 | 512 | 100 | 510 | 488 | 100 | 516 | 503 | 100 | 483 | 489 | 100 | 524 | 502 | 58 |
| Trenton Stem-To-Civics Charter School | Ν | Ν | N | 421 | 438 | 100 | 430 | 434 | 81 | 418 | 424 | 75 | 423 | 407 | 51 |
| New Jersey Average | 552 | 551 | 70 | 543 | 542 | 72 | 541 | 539 | 72 | 536 | 536 | 71 | 560 | 557 | 45 |

An "*" indicates that data are not displayed to protect student privacy; "N" indicates that no data are available to display.

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the national administrations of the SAT were cancelled from Spring 2020 through Fall 2021. Use caution when comparing results for 2019-20 and 2020-2021 to prior or future years.

Percentage of Students Enrolled in a Post-Secondary Institution

| | % School- Wide | % Economically Disadvantaged | 2016-17 % Students with Disabilities | % School- Wide | | 2017–18 % Students with Disabilities | % School- Wide | % Economically Disadvantaged | 2018-19 % Students with Disabilities | % School- Wide | % Economically Disadvantaged | 2019–20 % Students with Disabilities | % School- Wide | % Economically Disadvantaged | 2020-21 % Students with Disabilities |
|--|----------------------|------------------------------------|---|----------------------|----|---|----------------------|------------------------------------|---|----------------------|------------------------------------|--|----------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Trenton Public Schools | 41 | 40 | 26 | 40 | 41 | 32 | 15 | 14 | 16 | 31 | 30 | 20 | 27 | 25 | 16 |
| Daylight/Twilight High School | 9 | 10 | 5 | 12 | 15 | * | 12 | 14 | 32 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 9 | 11 | 0 |
| Trenton Central High School — Main Campus | 40 | 38 | 28 | 46 | 47 | 34 | 18 | 13 | 7 | 34 | 33 | 22 | 31 | 29 | 20 |
| Foundation Academy Charter School | 86 | 85 | * | 75 | 73 | * | 75 | 72 | * | 76 | 76 | * | 81 | 80 | * |
| Trenton Stem-to-Civics Charter School | N/A | N/A | N/A | 56 | 57 | * | 56 | 55 | 21 | 47 | 44 | * | 47 | 49 | 33 |
| New Jersey Average | 71 | 58 | 49 | 73 | 59 | 50 | 72 | 58 | 48 | 67 | 52 | 42 | 68 | 53 | 43 |

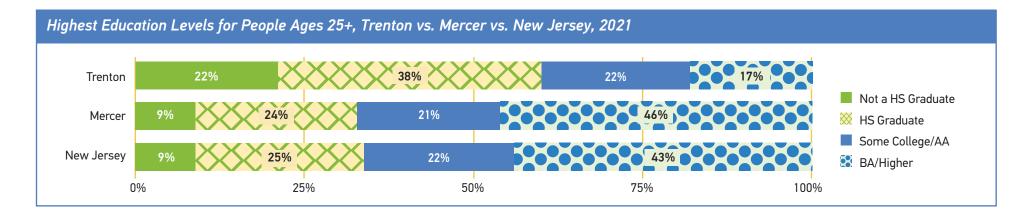
An "*" indicates that data is not displayed to protect student privacy.

Due to a graduation date error during submission, the postsecondary enrollment rates for the Class of 2019 reflect only a portion of the graduation class and not the full graduation class.

Advanced Placement (AP) and International Baccalaureate (IB) Course Participation and Performance

| | | 2016-17 | | 2017-18 | | 2018-19 | | 2019-20 | | 2020-21 |
|--|------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|---------------|
| | Trenton Public Schools | New Jersey |
| Students enrolled in one or more AP or IB course | 11 | 42 | 10 | 35 | 12 | 35 | 7 | 36 | 5 | 36 |
| Students taking one or more AP or IB exam | 13 | 35 | 12 | 28 | 12 | 29 | 8 | 29 | 7 | 27 |
| Students with one or more exams with a score of at least 3 on AP exams or 4 on IB exams | 4 | 24 | 2 | 21 | 2 | 21 | * | 23 | * | 18 |

Note: * indicates data are not displayed to protect student privacy.



Staff-to-Student Ratios

The ratio of staff to students within a school has long been considered a marker of educational and instructional quality. During the 2020-21 school year, Trenton Public Schools reported a ratio of 14 students for every one teacher, just above the state ratio of 12 to 1. The ratio of guidance counselors to students is also of importance, given the critical role counselors play in preparing students for college and career. The American School Counselor Association recommends a ratio of 250 students for every one counselor. Both Trenton Public Schools and the state of New Jersey exceeded this recommendation, with ratios of 419:1 and 339:1, respectively, during the 2020-21 school year. To read more about the importance of student to school counselor ratios, visit <u>https://www.schoolcounselor.org/About-School-Counseling/School-Counselor-Roles-Ratios</u>.

Staff-to-Student Ratio, 2020-21

| | Trenton Public Schools | New Jersey |
|--|------------------------|------------|
| Students to Teachers | 14:1 | 12:1 |
| Students to Administrators | 197:1 | 143:1 |
| Students to Librarians/ Media Specialists | 1,256:1 | 1,128:1 |
| Students to Nurses | 512:1 | 513:1 |
| Students to Counselors | 419:1 | 339:1 |
| Students to Child Study Team Members | 47:1 | 41:1 |

The Foundation for Educational Administration: Meeting Student Mental Health Needs

With the COVID-19 pandemic causing unprecedented levels of trauma and adversity, the Foundation for Educational Administration (FEA) launched the Healing-Centered Engagement training pilot in 2020.

Supported by the New Jersey Education Association and the Mental Health Association of New Jersey, FEA conducts interactive training and tailored coaching on adverse childhood experiences (ACEs), trauma-informed care, healing-centered engagement, and Youth Mental Health First Aid to teachers, administrators, school staff, and families. Since its creation, the program has trained 3,500 school staff across New Jersey.

In the 2021-2022 school year, FEA expanded the pilot to 60 schools, including nearly all in Trenton. "Our kids coming back from the pandemic have experienced loss, potential food insecurity, shelter insecurity, as well as violence in the community or violence in the homes," said Assistant Trenton Public School District Superintendent Dr. Channing Conway. "So we wanted to make sure we were equipped for dealing with those types of issues after being in isolation for 18 months."

Zebbie Belton, principal of Carroll Robbins Elementary School, shared, "Before the ACEs training, our staff didn't realize how many layers a lot of children and adults walk around with — as well as how that can affect how we interact with one another. Lots of eyes were opened, and I would say even hearts were opened. Now we can begin to understand why a child is behaving a certain way."

The program is funded with more than \$1 million pooled from the Burke Foundation, Princeton Area Community Foundation, New Jersey Pandemic Relief Fund, Geraldine R. Dodge Foundation, and New Jersey Health Initiatives.

Data Sources and Technical Notes:

State-Funded Preschool Enrollment, 2017-18 through 2021-22. Number of three- and four-year-old students enrolled in half- and full-day New Jersey Department of Education-approved preschools, operated both in-district and in community centers, as reported by the NJ Department of Education. Excludes children enrolled in Head Start or other federally-funded programs that do not receive any state aid.

Trenton State-Funded Preschool Enrollment, 2017-18 through 2021-22. Number of three- and four-year-old students enrolled in half- and full-day New Jersey Department of Education-approved preschools, operated both in-district and in community centers, as reported by the NJ Department of Education. Excludes children enrolled in Head Start or other federally-funded programs that do not receive any state aid.

Kindergarten Enrollment, 2017-18 through 2021-22. As reported by the NJ Department of Education, October Enrollment Data. Data include students enrolled in full and half-day programs in both traditional district and charter schools.

Pre-K-12 Total Enrollment, 2017-18 through 2021-22. As reported by the NJ Department of Education, October Enrollment Data. Data include both traditional district and charter schools. Please note that total enrollment figures do not include students enrolled in public preschool programs operating within community-based providers.

Percentage of Trenton Students Enrolled in School by School Type, 2021-22. The percentage of students enrolled in Trenton Public Schools and Trenton charter schools. As reported by the NJ Department of Education, October Enrollment Data. Data include both public district and charter schools.

Special Education Enrollment, Ages 3-21, 2017-18 through 2021-22. As reported by the NJ Department of Education. Number of students who are classified, ages 3-21. Data include both traditional district schools and charter schools and public and non-public students. Charter totals may be higher due to suppression of districts with fewer than 10 students.

Special Education Enrollment, as a Percentage of Total Enrollment, 2017-18 through 2021-22. As reported by the NJ Department of Education. Percentage of total enrollment of students who are classified, ages 3-21. Special education counts include both traditional district schools and charter schools and public and non-public students. Charter figures may differ due to suppression of districts with fewer than 10 students. Total enrollment based on October general education enrollment data for each school year.

Trenton Public Schools Special Education Students by Disability, 2021-22. As reported by the N.J. Department of Education. Percentage of total enrollment of students who are classified, ages 3-5 and 6-21. Data do not include charter schools. Counts of fewer than 10 students have been suppressed to protect confidentiality. Percentage of Homeless Students Out of Total Enrollment, 2016-17 through 2020-21. As reported by the NJ Department of Education, NJ School Performance Report data. Data are as of June for each school year listed and do not include charter schools. Represents any student identified as homeless during the given school year.

Trenton English Language Learner Enrollment as a Percentage of Total Enrollment, 2019-20 through 2021-22. As reported by the NJ Department of Education, October enrollment counts.

Start Strong Assessment Results, 2020-21. The Start Strong assessments in English Language Arts, Math, and Science were administered in fall 2021 to meet federal assessment administration requirements for the 2020-21 school year. The grade levels shown in the report represent students' fall 2021 grade level enrollment.

Trenton Public Schools, Participation in World Language Courses, 2020-21. As reported by the N.J. Department of Education, New Jersey School Performance Report data. Data do not include charter schools. Level 3 or higher indicates participation in the third level of a world language course or above (such as Spanish III or Spanish IV).

Students Enrolled in One or More Visual and Performing Arts Classes, 2020-21. As reported by the N.J. Department of Education, New Jersey School Performance Report data. Data do not include charter schools.

High School Graduation Rates, 2016-17 through 2020-21. As reported by the NJ Department of Education, Adjusted Cohort Graduation Rate Data. In 2011, the Department of Education changed the way that graduation rates are calculated to the 4-year adjusted cohort graduation rate. As reported by the NJ Department of Education, 4-year Adjusted Cohort Graduation Rate data.

Graduation Rates by High School, 2020-21. As reported by the NJ Department of Education, 4-year Adjusted Cohort Graduation Rate data. Data include both traditional district schools as well as charter schools.

Graduation Rates by Demographic Group, Trenton Public Schools, 2021. As reported by the NJ Department of Education, 4-year Adjusted Cohort Graduation Rate data.

Average SAT Score by High School, 2016-17 through 2020-21. The percentage of 12th grade students participating in the SAT for the given school year or for prior years. The score range for the SAT is from 400 to 1600 for a total score. As reported by the NJ Department of Education, New Jersey School Performance Report data. Percentage of Students Enrolled in a Post-Secondary Institution, 2016-17 through 2020-21. As reported by the NJ Department of Education, NJ School Performance Report data. These data reflect the percentage of 2021 high school graduates that were enrolled in post-secondary institutions the fall after high school graduation. The data are pulled from the National Student Clearinghouse. Students who enroll in post-secondary institutions outside of the United States are not included. Data for some categories are unavailable.

Advanced Placement (AP) and International Baccalaureate (IB) Course Participation and Performance. Advanced Placement or International Baccalaureate participation and performance amongst 11th and 12th grade students. As reported by the NJ Department of Education, New Jersey School Performance Report data.

Highest Education Level for People Ages 25+, Trenton vs. Mercer vs. New Jersey, 2021. As reported by the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey chart B15002 using 1-year estimates.

Staff-to-Student Ratio, 2020-21. As reported by the NJ Department of Education, New Jersey School Performance report.





7 Teens

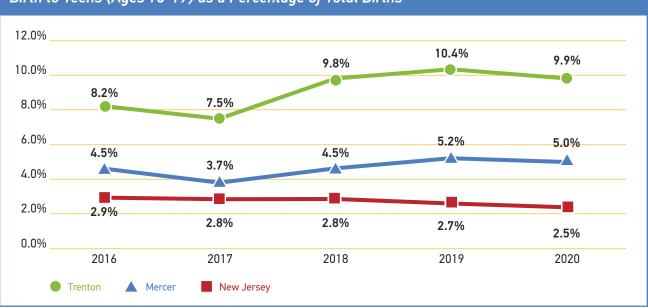
Data Trends for Teens

Teen births have decreased across the state for the last several years; however, Trenton and Mercer County saw an uptick in the percentage of births beginning in 2018. In 2020, 9.9% of all Trenton births were to teens ages 15-19, compared to 5.0% and 2.5% of Mercer County and New Jersey, respectively.



Births to Teens (Ages 15-19)

| | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | % Change 16-20 |
|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------------|
| Trenton | 122 | 105 | 142 | 150 | 143 | 17 |
| Mercer | 189 | 147 | 176 | 212 | 193 | 2 |
| New Jersey | 2,952 | 2,818 | 2,805 | 2,682 | 2,434 | -18 |



Birth to Teens (Ages 15-19) as a Percentage of Total Births

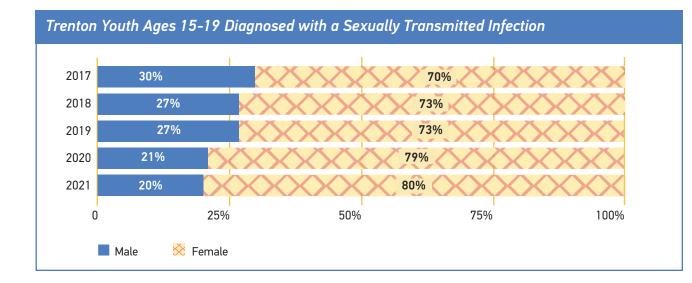
Teen Deaths (Ages 15-19)

| | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
|------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Trenton | 8 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 9 |
| Mercer | 14 | 9 | 7 | 10 | 16 |
| New Jersey | 194 | 184 | 153 | 178 | 189 |

Youth Ages 15-19 Diagnosed with a Sexually Transmitted Infection, By Gender

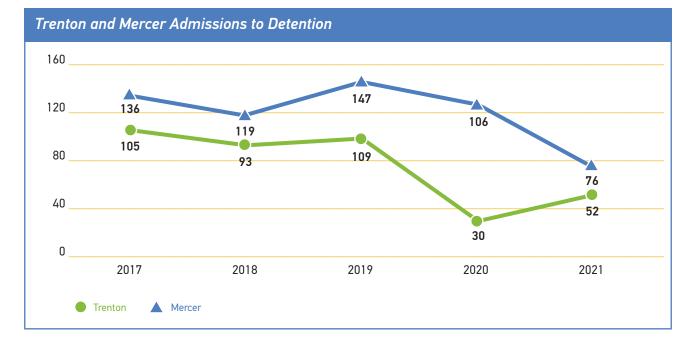
| | | 2017 | | 2018 | | 2019 | | 2020 | | 2021 | % Cha | ange 17-21 |
|------------|-------|--------|-------|--------|-------|--------|-------|--------|-------|--------|-------|------------|
| | Male | Female |
| Trenton | 96 | 222 | 94 | 260 | 100 | 265 | 69 | 258 | 60 | 234 | -38 | 5 |
| Mercer | 167 | 432 | 162 | 472 | 169 | 461 | 111 | 404 | 107 | 377 | -36 | -13 |
| New Jersey | 2,803 | 7,930 | 2,759 | 8,202 | 3,124 | 8,689 | 2,473 | 6,939 | 2,396 | 6,734 | -15 | -15 |

Note: Does not Include youth of unknown gender.



Trenton Annual Admissions to Detention

| | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | % Change 17-21 |
|-------------------|------|------|------|------|------|----------------|
| Total Admissions: | 105 | 93 | 109 | 30 | 52 | -50 |
| By Gender: | | | | | | |
| Male | 100 | 84 | 97 | 28 | 45 | -55 |
| Female | 5 | 9 | 12 | 2 | 7 | 40 |
| By Race: | | | | | | |
| African American | 86 | 75 | 89 | 24 | 46 | -47 |
| Caucasian | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | -100 |
| Hispanic | 10 | 12 | 19 | 6 | 6 | -40 |
| Other | 8 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -100 |



What is the Juvenile Detention Alternatives Initiative?

New Jersey's Juvenile Detention Alternatives Initiative (JDAI) was formed in 2004 with the support and leadership of the Annie E. Casey Foundation and is managed by the state's Juvenile Justice Commission (JJC). Since the program's inception, JDAI has resulted in a dramatic decrease in detention populations throughout New Jersey without risk to public safety. JDAI fosters a fundamental shift in the way law enforcement, prosecutors, judges, and public defenders handle juvenile crime cases by moving the focus from locking kids up to returning them to their communities and addressing the issues that led to criminal behavior. Detention centers are reserved only for more serious youth offenders. JDAI has helped reduce costs considerably, due to the reduction in the daily population in detention and subsequent closure of many county detention centers. In 2018, the Annie E. Casey Foundation recognized New Jersey as the first state to implement JDAI resulting in a decrease in the average daily detention center population by nearly 70% between 2003 (pre-JDAI) and 2017. Learn more about New Jersey's successes with the program at https://www.aecf.org/blog/new-jersey-becomes-first-state-to-implement-jdaistatewide/.

Juvenile Arrests

| | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021* | % Change 17-21 |
|------------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|----------------|
| Trenton | 537 | 501 | 527 | 410 | 230 | -57 |
| Mercer | 1,240 | 1,113 | 1,001 | 735 | N/A | N/A |
| New Jersey | 18,292 | 14,541 | 14,716 | 9,207 | N/A | N/A |

*2021 juvenile arrests data not available for Mercer and New Jersey.



Pilot Program Assisting Justice-Involved Youth

Mercer County and the City of Trenton will join three other pilot cities around New Jersey to implement a restorative and transformative justice HUB for youth and families. This project, undertaken as a collaborative with the Juvenile Justice Commission (JJC), will use restorative justice practices such as peace circles, community conferencing, and conflict resolution to allow the community to resolve those issues that often devolve into violence. The HUB will provide needed wrap-around services to young people and their families to support and uplift them as they move toward healing. The Mercer County Youth Services Commission has engaged in a year-long community conversation with grass-roots organizations, faith-based and local leaders, youth, families, and both large and small Trenton-based nonprofits to hear their ideas and hopes for this program. The HUB is expected to be operational in the late spring of 2023.

Trenton Community Street Teams (TCST)

Trenton Community Street Teams (TCST), a collaboration between Building A Better Way for Trenton and Isles Inc., is a community-based violence intervention and prevention initiative designed to eliminate the cycle of violence in Trenton by treating the issue as a public health crisis. Their staff includes mental health professionals, high-risk interventionists, outreach workers, and safe passage providers, staff who ensure students' safety both in and around schools. TCST's relationship-based approach focuses on building support for community members to resolve disputes, supporting individuals and families in healing from trauma, and inspiring others to take responsibility for the well-being of their community.

All staff members are community members who are professionally trained to provide a robust menu of services with the goal of increasing the peace in New Jersey's capital city. Many have been personally impacted by the violence they seek to eliminate. In addition to direct outreach conducted after a violent act, TCST also offers resources and referrals to the community to promote healing, public safety roundtables to involve members of the public in this important work and develop prevention strategies and responses, and conducts community walks with key decision-makers and community members to address block-by-block issues.

Using a community-based network of individuals, families, and service providers, TCST plans to put the community at the center of violence prevention. While they have an initial focus on the city's North Ward, services are available for the entire city of Trenton. Their 24-hour hotline is (609) 964-4493. Learn more at <u>https://isles.org/our-approach/revi-talize-communities/trenton-community-street-teams</u>

Data Sources and Technical Notes:

Births to Teens, Ages 15-19, 2016-2020. The number of live births to teenagers as reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Data, New Jersey Birth Certificate Database. Data accessed as of July 7, 2022.

Births to Teens (Ages 15-19) as a Percentage of Total Births, 2016-2020. As reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Data, New Jersey Birth Certificate Database. Data accessed as of July 7, 2022.

Teen Deaths, Ages 15-19, 2016-2020. The number of teenagers who died in that year, as reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Data, New Jersey Death Certificate Database. Data accessed as of September 23, 2022.

Youth Ages 15-19 Diagnosed with a Sexually-Transmitted Infection, by Gender, 2017-2021. Youth ages 15-19 diagnosed with chlamydia, gonorrhea, or syphilis, as reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Data, New Jersey Communicable Disease Reporting and Surveillance System (CDRSS). Does not include youth whose gender was unknown or unreported. Data from prior reports are not comparable due to a change in age designation. Data accessed as of September 22, 2022.

Trenton Youth Ages 15-19 Diagnosed with a Sexually-Transmitted Infection, 2017-2021. Youth ages 15-19 diagnosed with chlamydia, gonorrhea, or syphilis, as reported by the NJ Department of Health, New Jersey State Health Assessment Data, New Jersey Communicable Disease Reporting and Surveillance System (CDRSS). Does not include youth whose gender was unknown or unreported. Data from prior reports are not comparable due to a change in age designation. Data accessed as of September 22, 2022. Trenton Annual Admissions to Detention, 2017-2021. The number of youth admitted to detention. As reported by the New Jersey Juvenile Justice Commission.

Trenton and Mercer County Admissions to Detention, 2017-2021. As reported by the New Jersey Juvenile Justice Commission.

Juvenile Arrests, 2017-2021. Trenton data as reported by the Trenton Police Department. Mercer and New Jersey data as reported by the NJ Department of Law and Public Safety, Division of State Police, Uniform Crime Report.

Trenton Juvenile Arrests, 2017-2021. Trenton data as reported by the Trenton Police Department.

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